

H. A. Taylor

Oakland, Calif.

~~Harold A. Taylor~~

Marietta C. Caredia
1915 Clarendon Crescent
Oakland 10, Calif.

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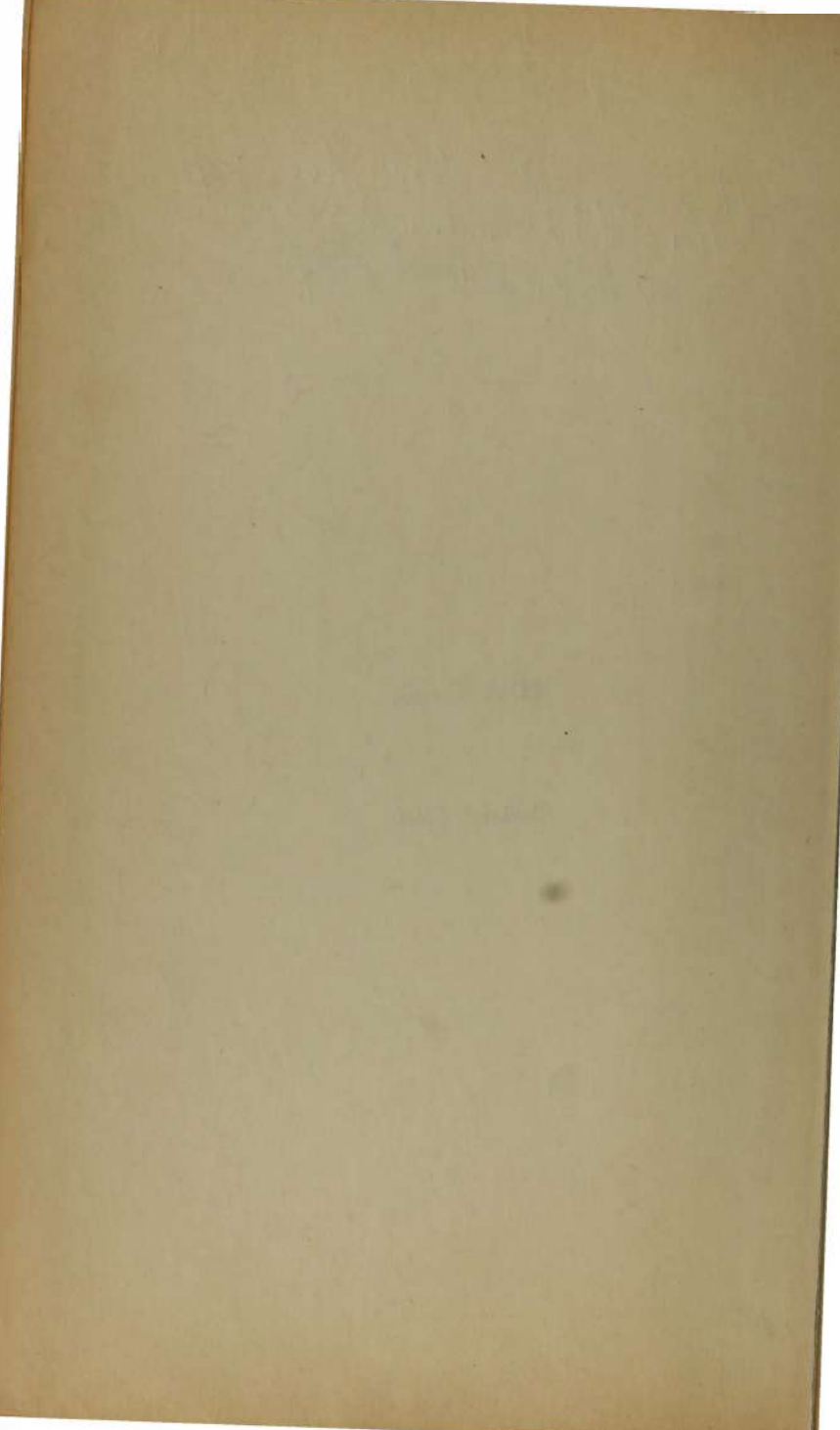
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SPEEDWRITING

The Natural Shorthand

By

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COMPLETE TEXT

H. A. Taylor

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FOREWORD

Speedwriting is aptly called *The Natural Shorthand* because it may be written with pen or pencil or on a typewriter with the letters of the alphabet which every student already knows so well. Silent letters are omitted and principles of abbreviation are employed which make it possible to write single words with greatly increased facility. Short sentences, and words which form natural phrases, such as *you will be, as well as, as long as*, etc., may be written together without lifting the pen, making it possible not only to write with greater speed, but also to read back more readily what has been written.

The text is so arranged that all of the most frequently occurring words in the language are introduced in the early lessons. This enables the student to get a working knowledge of these high frequency words in a very short time. In fact, as soon as the words given in the first few lessons have been thoroughly mastered, they may be used by the student when making notes or memoranda for his own personal use. This feature of Speedwriting has a double advantage to the student who makes use of it from the beginning, as it not only saves him time when making notes, but also helps him to remember the code for the words already learned.

PENMANSHIP

In pencil writing, a small, round hand should be cultivated, along with ease of position, and a very definitely controlled motion. Whatever distance the hand travels beyond what is absolutely necessary represents only waste effort on the part of the writer; therefore all unnecessary

initial and final strokes should be dropped from the letters. The following letter forms, made by that great penman, Mr. S. E. Bartow, are offered as those which will lend themselves most readily to ease and speed in writing, as well as to accuracy and rapidity in reading.

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R
S T U V W X Y Z
a b c d e f g h i j k l m n o p q r r
s t t u v w x y y z z

PHRASING

In shorthand a phrase is the writing of two or more words without lifting the pencil. The beginner will find it best to make short phrases at first as that will make for ease in reading as well as in writing. It is not necessary to conform always to the phrasing indicated in the lessons, but care should be taken to combine only such words as come together naturally.

READING

As each lesson in Speedwriting is completed the student's vocabulary of code words constantly increases. In order to retain the words that have been learned the student should make it a habit to read as well as write the Speedwriting code. The daily habit of going back and reading the Speedwriting code in all of the lessons that have been completed will help to fix the words and phrases in the memory and make the learning of additional words just that much easier.

LESSON ONE

all.....l	in.....n	little.....ll	that.....ta	we.....w
as.....as	is.....s	more.....mo	there.....tr	well.....l
can.....k	it.....t	*other.....0	this.....th	will (v).....l
do.....do	know.....no	some.....so	time.....ti	work.....wk
for.....f	like.....lk	than.....n	to (t).....to	you.....u

Principles

- 1 Omit all silent letters. (know, no : dough, do : rough, rf : die, di)
- 2 When C has the sound of K, write k. (could, kd : cough, kf : college, klj)
- 3 Write t to express TO in infinitives only, and write the infinitive connectedly.
(to do, tdo : to have, tv : to be, tb : to see, tse : to know, tno)
(Note: Before a noun, pronoun, or adjective, write "to." to bed, tobdd :
to me, tome : to the, tot)
- 4 When AS is repeated in a phrase, omit the vowel. (as well as, sls : as long as,
slgs)
- 5 A declarative sentence is followed by a period.

* See Principle No. 24 for rule for capitalizing.

Sentences

We know you will like this work.
 Some will like it more than others.
 You will all like it in time.
 There is little for you to do.
 Do that as well as you can.
 We all like to do this work.

(42 words)

wno ul lk thwk.
 sol lkt mon Os.
 ull lkt nti.
 trs ll fu tdo.
 do ta sls uk.
 wl lk tdo thwk.

*wno ul lk thwk. sol lkt mon Os. ull lkt nti. trs ll
 fu tdo. do ta sls uk. wl lk tdo thwk.*

Write the following in code:.

There is a little work for you to do. Will you do it? This time you can do more than some of the others. Do the work as well as you can for we know you will like it. No other can do the work as well as you can do it. We will do more for you some other time.

(61 words)

VOCABULARY

The twenty-five new words assigned at the beginning of each lesson are not intended for practice study, but rather for reference, as one might use a dictionary. Don't spend very much time studying these words; but after you have glanced over them, and taken in their general outline, as well as the principles for writing them, begin then to read the code in the sentences.

Continue the reading until each word seems clear and distinct to you. In this way you learn to see the words as wholes, and to think of them in their relation to other words in the

sentence. This is what makes for rapid and accurate reading as well as for rapid and accurate writing.

Be sure that you can read everything easily before you attempt to write it. You can produce outwardly only what you see inwardly. The inward seeing always precedes the outward writing, and the outward writing is an exact picture of what is seen inwardly. This is true of every situation, for every outside must have an inside. So all you have to do is to look out for the inside, and the outside takes care of itself.

WRITING

The logical way to approach the work is to take the first sentence, "We know you will like this work," and think of the equivalent for

each word, writing that equivalent down with pencil. It will appear like this: w n o u l l k th wk. Read and re-read these equivalents

until they seem logical, natural, and perfectly simple. Then phrase the work, or run the words together, and they will appear to you like this: wno ul lk thwk. Practice these phrases until you can write them easily, smoothly and without conscious effort. Then see how many times you can write this sentence in fifteen seconds.

When you can write this sentence three and one half times in fifteen seconds, you will be writing at the rate of one hundred words a minute. You have then learned seven of the twenty-five words.

Take the next sentence, "Some will like it more than others." Resolve these words into their equivalents by referring to the key-words assigned above, and you will have: so l lk t

mo n Os. Again practice reading and re-reading these words until they, too, become a logical and natural part of your experience. Then run the words together, or phrase them, and they will appear to you thus: sol lkt mon Os. Practice this sentence until it can be written easily and smoothly; write it for fifteen seconds, and you will have added five more new words to your experience.

Proceed with each sentence in like manner.

When you have finished the six sentences in the first lesson, you will have written and re-written many times the first twenty-five words, and made them your friends. So easy and natural should they be to you that the words should instantly recall the outline, and the outline should just as instantly suggest the word.

LESSON TWO

a.....a	come.....k	me.....me	on.....o	place.....pl
about.....ab	day.....d	much.....mc	one.....on	take.....tk
after.....af	go.....g	my.....mi	only.....nl	which.....wc
and.....a	had.....h	now.....nw	our.....r	with.....w
are.....r	how (w).....hw	of.....v	*over.....V	your.....u

Principles

- 6 Write w to express the sound of medial and final OW. (cow, kw : mouse, mws)
- 7 Write c to express the sound of CH. (chap, cp : check, ck : touch, tc : rich, rc)
- 8 Disregard the spelling in such words as TRY, MY, FEW, NEW, WEIGH, SLEIGH, and write what you hear, which is tri : mi : fu : nu : wa : sla.
- 9 Write l to express final LY, ILY, LEY. (nearly, nel : family, fml : valley, vl)
- 10 An interrogative sentence is followed by a question mark (?).

* See Principle No. 24 for rule for capitalizing.

Sentences

Are you going to work with me now?

About how much work will you do?

We had only this work to do over.

Take more time and do your work well.

After this you will come to our place.

Will you come over to our place now?

And will you go on with my work?

Which one of you will come with me?

(63 words)

rug twk wme nw?

ab hwmc wk ludo?

wh nl thwk tdo V.

tk moti adou wkl.

af th ulk tor pl.

luk V tor pl nw?

alugo wmi wk?

wcon vu lk wme?

*rug twk wme nw? ab hwmc wk ludo? wh nl thwk
tdo V. tk moti adou wkl. af th ulk tor pl. luk V tor
pl nw? alugo wmi wk? wcon vu lk wme?*

Write the following in code:

This work can be done day after day. How much of it can you do now? Do you take time to do your work, and do you do it as well as you can? After you do your work as well as you can, I will take one of you over to my place.

(54 words)

LESSON THREE

again.....ag	from.....fm	his.....s	see.....se	way.....wa
any.....n,	good.....g	long.....lg	such.....sc	what.....wa
be,-ing.....b	he.....e	not.....n	the.....t	who.....ho
before.....bf	here.....he	or.....or	they.....ty	would.....d
ever,-y.....ev	him.....m	out.....ou	thing (g)...tg	year.....y

Principles

- 11 When a word-sign and another syllable, or when two word-signs can be used to form a word, do so. (therefore, trf : today, tod)
- 12 Omit AND in such phrases as MORE AND MORE, momo : AGAIN AND AGAIN, agag : OVER AND OVER, VV.
- 13 Write figures to represent all numbers except the numeral "1" when it stands alone.
- 14 Write g to express final ING and THING. (knowing, nog : nothing, ng)
- 15 Write a comma to express the medial or final sound of "ie." (anything, n,g : money, mn,)
- 16 N may safely be omitted in such words as long, lg : thing, tg : ring, rg : sing, sg .

Sentences

Any good thing you like, you can do well. (1)

Every year there is more and more to do.

There is some such work for him here now.

His place is not a long way from here.

Who would like to go there again with me?

He will be here in a day or two.

Before you go out there, will you see me? (1)

What would they like to do for a year? (72 words)

n, g tg ulk uk dol.

evy trs momo tdo.

trs so scwk fm henw.

spl sn algwa fmhe.

hod lk tg tr ag wme?

elb he nad or 2.

bf ugou tr lu seme?

wad tylk tdo fay?

*n, g tg ulk uk dol. evy trs momo tdo. trs so scwk fm
henw. spl sn algwa fmhe. hod lk tg tr ag wme?
elb he nad or 2. bf ugou tr lu seme? wad tylk
tdo fay?*

Punctuation

(Note: The figures in parentheses after sentences refer to the rules of punctuation.)

(1) Use a comma to set off a dependent clause preceding its principal clause. (Ex. When an adverbial clause is put at the beginning of a sentence to secure emphasis, it is called a dependent clause.)

LESSON FOUR

an.....a	great.....gr	make.....mk	no.....no	up.....p
at.....at	have.....v	man.....m-	old.....ol	was.....z
been.....b	her.....h	many.....m	so.....so	were.....w
but.....b	if.....if	men.....mn	their.....tr	when.....wn
by.....b	into.....nt	new.....nu	them.....tm	where (r)...wr
			then.....tn	will (n)...wl

Principles

- 17 Write s to express initial SOME. (something, sg : somehow, sw : sometimes, stis)
- 18 The past tense and also the present participle of many verbs may safely be omitted. (I have worked for you before, ivwk fubf. I am doing well, imdo l.
- 19 Write v to express final EVER. (whenever, wnv : whoever, hov : however, hmv)
- 20 In most cases t may safely be used to express the sound of TH. (them, tm)
- 21 When final S has the sound of Z, write z. (raise, rz : tease, tz : wise, wz : nose, nz : choose, cz)

(Note: Some authorities hyphenate the words, today, tonight, and tomorrow, but business usage tends toward eliminating the hyphen.)

Sentences

A great many men have been here before you were.
 If he can, this old man will see you when you come.
 When you go into this new place, work with a will.
 There is no new thing to do where we are now.
 But there is so much work, the men do not like it.
 Only an old man can make them do their work well.
 If he was with her up there, we do not know it.
 But we will see her at our place by and by.
 Then if you ever come again, we will see you. (100 words)

agr m mn vbhe bfu w. ifek thol m- tseu wruk.
 wruq nt th nupl wke wa wl. lrs no nutq lds wr wr
 nw. b lrs some wke lmn don lkt. nl aol m-temk l m
 dotr wkl. ifez wh ptr wdon not. b wl sch atrpl bb.
 'In ifuev kag wl seu.

LESSON FIVE

TO THE STUDENT

(Note: You now have the hundred words of highest frequency in the English language. These hundred words constitute about sixty per cent of all written or spoken language. You can readily see how very important it is that you know them thoroughly. It is for this reason that we give you additional practice on them in the next lesson.)

Are you going to do this work for me now? We know you will do it well, and you will like it. We all know what work is like, but there are some who do not know how to do it well. (2) The man who can do things well will make good in everything. Where there is a will, there is a way. The man who makes his way will see into the years before him, and then work up to the place which he sees. Sometimes we come to many a little thing we do not like to do, but all men who have been great have had to do such things many times. (115 words)

*rug l do thuk fine nw? wno ul dot l aul lkt. wlns wa
 wk slk b lrrso ho don no hw l dot l. lm-hok dotys l
 lmkq nevg. wr lrs awl lrs awa. lm-homks swa lse*

nt lys bfm atn wkep lot pl wcc sz. stis wk lom all
 eq wdon tk ldo b lmn hovb gr vh ldo sc lgs m lis.

Do you see that good old man? He was over to their place for many years before he had work here. You know an old man likes to do more than any two other men on the place. But as long as he can work, we will make a place for him. Some men like to see how much they can do in a day, but others take more time, and do everything well. (2) We like only the men who do their work as well as they can. (4) After today one of our men will do some of my work for me. It will not be new to him, for he was here before we were. (116 words)

douse taq olm-?ez Ulo lrpl fmys b' ekwk he. uno aolm-thes.
 ldo mon n, 2. Omn ot pl. b slgs ekwk wlmk apl fm.
 somn tk lse hwmc by kedo nad b Os tkmo li ado evq l.
 wlk nl lmn hodo lrwk sls lyk. af lod onvr mn ldo
 soome wk fme. Unb nu lom fez he bfw.

Whenever you go to work for a new man, it will not take him long to know all about you; so do your work as well as you can. (6) If you would like such work as we have, we will make a place for you, and you may work by the day or by the year. Not many men go by here who do not come in. The place is all new to them, and they like to see it. We have no time to see them, much as we would like to, but they come again and again. (5) If you take her with you now, will you come out again when you have more time? (116 words)

wnw ug wwk fanw m- lln lkm lq lno labu sodow
 wke sls uk. ifudlk scwk aswo wlnk apl fu au
 ma wke bt d or bt y. nm mn gbhe hodon ken. Ypl
 slnu lotm a tylk lset. wwno li lse tm meas wd lk lo
 b lyk agaq. ifu lkh wunw lukou ag wnw mo li?

Punctuation

(2) Use a comma to separate co-ordinate clauses, whether independent or dependent, joined by one of the pure conjunctions—*and, but, for, or, neither, nor*. (Ex. These are called co-ordinate conjunctions, for they join two elements of exactly equal rank.)

(Note: When only words, phrases, or predicate verbs are joined by a co-ordinate conjunction, no comma is used; but when there are two clauses—two ideas—the comma is used to separate them.)

(3) A non-restrictive relative clause introduced by *who, which, that, and similar pronouns*, is separated from the rest of the sentence by commas. (Ex. The Speaker of the House, who is a Republican, will give the opening address.)

(4) A restrictive relative clause should not be set off by commas. (Ex. The boy who brought it has gone away.)

(Note: A necessary clause is called restrictive, and the additional clause, presenting an additional thought, non-restrictive.)

(5) Words, phrases, or clauses which have a parenthetic function, but for which parenthesis marks or double dashes are not suitable, should be separated from the rest of the sentence by commas. (Ex. The schools of the city, as well as those of the Nation, must be kept free of politics.)

(6) Two independent clauses joined by one of the weaker or less common connectives, such as *accordingly, besides, hence, however, moreover, nevertheless, so, still, then, therefore, thus, and the like*, are separated by a semicolon. (Ex. The chairman bowed, and the speaker began his address. The chairman bowed; then the speaker began his address.)

LESSON SIX

another.....a0	cut.....kt	high.....hi	left.....lf	said.....sd
away.....awa	down.....dw	home.....ho	let.....lt	same.....sa
both.....bo	father.....Fa	just.....j,	must.....m,	tell.....tl
boy.....by	found.....fw	large.....lj	own.....on	these.....tz
could.....kd	head.....hd	last.....l,	run.....rn	us.....us

Principles

- 22 Write y to express the sound of OI. (toy, ty : joy, jy : boil, byl : oil, yl)
 23 Write a comma to express final ST. (past, p, : missed, m, : cost, k,)
 24 Capitalize the principal syllable of a word to add the sound of ER, DER, TER, and THER. (similar, Sml : hearer, He : larger, Lj : order, Or : major, Mj : matter, Ma : mother, Mo)

(Note: The principal syllable of a word is the first syllable of the root word.)

Sentences

The father would not let the boys cut down the large trees.
 They said they would run away from home if they could not.
 They both said they would do just what they liked to do.
 They had their own way, and left us with their heads high.
 We could tell them about another boy who said the same thing.
 He had his head high, but he found at last that it must come down.

He found he must do just as he would have others do.

It is said that, "Boys will be boys, and will run away." (7-8-9)

And, "When these same boys are men, they will know much more."

Another time we will tell you more about these run-away boys. (10)

(123 words)

*1. Fa dnt lbys kt dw llj lqz lysd lyd rnawa fmkho
 of lykdn. lybosd lyddo j, wa lylk ldo. lyk lronwa
 alfus wtr kdshi. wked lltm ab aO by hosd lsa lq.
 chs kdhi befw atl, la ltm, kdw. cfw em, do j, as edv Os do.
 lssd la bys lb bys alrn awa. awn lq sa bys rnm ly
 lno memo. aOti wl llumo abt3 rnawa bys.*

Punctuation

(7) Separate a short direct quotation from the rest of the sentence by the comma. (Ex. He said, "Lafayette, we have come.")

(8) Use quotation marks to enclose a direct quotation, but not to enclose an indirect quotation. (Ex. He told Lafayette that we had come.)

LESSON SEVEN

back.....bk	each.....ec	has.....as	live.....lv	shall.....Z
book.....bk	find.....fi	heart.....h/	love.....lv	should.....Zd
call.....kl	first.....f,	keep.....kp	people.....pp	show.....Zo
came.....k	get.....gt	kind.....ki	right.....ri	still.....stl
did.....dd	give,-n....gi	life.....lf	says.....ss	word.....w/

Principles

- 25 Write p to express medial and final PLE. (cripple, krp : triple, trp : sample, smp)
- 26 Write a shilling mark (/) to express medial and final RT and RD. (card, k/ : heard, h/ : bird, b/ : flirt, fl/ : hurt, h/ : artist, a/, : insert, ns/)
- 27 To form the plural, or to add "s" to words ending in a punctuation symbol, repeat the symbol. (cards, k// : rents, r-- : masts, m,, : classes, kl'' : binds, bi-- : blesses, bl''')
- 28 Write Z to express the sound of initial, medial, and final SH. (shadow, Zdo: shoes, Zz : flashy, flZ, : rushing, rZg : mesh, mZ : dish, dZ)

Sentences

You still find people here who will give you a kind word.
 But you should do only what is right by them.
 A man lives and has all his being in his own heart.

The book says, "You shall get back in kind what you give."

Man did not say this first; it was said for his good. (11)

This is how some get much more out of life than others.

The call to love one another came to each one of us.

To show that our hearts are right, let us say only kind things. (95 words)

usth fipp he kolgiu akiw/. bu fddo nl wasri b lme
 am-lvs aas tsh nsonh/. ltk ss uf gtbk nki wange.
 m-ddn sa thf. lgsd fsg. lshw sogt memo ouwlf n Os.
 lkl llvona Ok loecon vus. lzo lark // pri lussa nlki lgs.

Punctuation

(9) When another mark of punctuation is used with quotation marks, its position depends on whether it belongs to the quoted material only or to the sentence as a whole. A period or a comma always goes within the quotes; other marks go outside unless they properly belong to the quoted material. (Ex. Don't say "ain't"; the correct form is "am not." He asked, "Where shall I go?" Did he say, "We will come"?)

(10) Compound adjectives should be hyphenated. (Ex. four-story house, ten-acre lot, half-barrel, half-dollar.)

(11) Use a semicolon between members of a compound sentence that are not joined by a conjunction. (Ex. It is not work that kills men; it is worry.)

LESSON EIGHT

between.....bt	hear.....he	leave.....le	she.....Z	use.....us
city (C)....s;	house.....hw	most.....mo,	pity.....p;	while.....wl
fail.....fl	I.....i	near.....ne	stand.....st-	woman.....wm
fair.....fa	its.....ts	night.....ni	think.....tq	women.....wmn
half.....hf	land.....l-	open.....op	through.....tu	world.....wo

Principles

- 29 Use a hyphen (-) to express the sound of medial or final ND, NT, and MENT.
(band, b- : paint, pa- : lend, l- : sent, s- : raiment, ra- :
sentiment, s-- : front, fr-)
- 30 Write q to express the sound of medial or final NK. (rink, rq : sink, sq :
rancour, Rq : honk, hq : banquet, bqt)
- 31 The semicolon (;) may be used to indicate final ITY. (nobility, nb; : oddity,
od; : divinity, dvn; : cavity, kv; : laxity, lx;)

(Note: When writing with pen or pencil, the semicolon may be changed to a blend as shown in the word "city" written below.)

Sentences

The boys have been away from home between three and four years.

I think they have been in the city most of the time.

For a while, however, they worked near the city on some land.

A woman owned half the land, and lived there through the year.

She used to pity the boys and tell them that they should go home.

Two women keep the home for the father just as it was.

They do not fail to keep it open both day and night.

They will show you through the house and then leave you.

It is near night, and you think about the world at large.

Its love for show is more than its love for good.

(120 words)

Ulys vb awa fmho bt 3 a 4 y. itq lyob nts) mo, vtti.
 fawl hwr lywk nts) osol-awm onhf ll- alv ur
 lut y. Zus (p) Ulys atl lm laty fdgho. 2 wmm kplho
 ft Ja j; astz lydon fl kept op bodani. lyl Zou
 lut hw atr leu. lsne ni autz abtwo atlj. lslv
 fzos mon lslv fq.

LESSON NINE

also.....lso	far.....fa	name.....na	side.....si	upon.....pn
complete...kpe	form.....fm	off.....of	small.....sm	very.....v
end.....e-	hand.....h-	part.....p/	soon.....sn	water.....Wa
even.....vn	light.....li	pass.....p'	too.....to	white.....wi
eye.....i	look.....lo	put.....p	turn.....tn	why.....y

Principles

- 32 Write only as much of a word as is necessary to suggest the word. (look, lo : name, na : together, tog : friend, fr : begin, bg)
- 33 Write the apostrophe (') to indicate final SS. (lass, l' : cross, kr' : hiss, h' : kiss, k' : floss, fl')
- 34 Write k to express initial and medial COG, COL, COM, CON, COR, COUN, CUM. (cognize, knz : collect, kk : comfort, kf/ : comment, k- : connect, knk : corrupt, krp : council, ksl : accumulate, akla : recognize, rkz : recommence, rkc/)

FORMS OF SALUTATION AND COMPLIMENTARY CLOSE

(Note: Space before and after the salutation.)

Dear Madam.....dm	Dear Mrs.....dmrs	My dear Mr.....mdM
Dear Miss.....dm'	Dear Sir.....ds	My dear Sir.....mds
Dear Mr.....dM	My dear Miss.....mdm'	Gentlemen.....j
Cordially yours.....cu	Sincerely yours.....su	Yours truly.....ut
Faithfully yours.....fu	Truly yours.....tu	Yours very truly.....uvt
Respectfully yours.....ru	Very truly yours.....vtu	Yours respectfully.....ur

Sentences

In the end the boys will come back, and all will be well.
 They may find their father at the small turn near the water.
 He likes to pass a part of each day by the side of the water.
 He looks to see the form of one or both of his boys.
 If he sees them even far off, he will run to them.
 He will put his hand upon their heads. He will also call them by name.
 They will look into his eyes and see only the light of love.
 Then they will know why his head is white and his eyes fail.
 It is too soon to say just what the end of this life will be.
 But when we know how to live, we shall find life complete in every way.

(136 words)

nte-lyss lckk al lcl. lymafi lr ja attsm ln net
 Wa. elks lp'ap/vecd btstvt Wa. elos lse lfm von
 orbo vs bys. ifesz lm vnfaof elrn lotm. elpsh-pn
 urhds. ellss kltm bna. tyllo ntsis asent li vlv.
 ln tylnoy shdswi asisfl. lstopn lsa j, wate-vthlf
 lb. bwn wno hw lv wffi lf kpe nevwa.

TO THE STUDENT

The sentences in this work are arranged for self-dictation. They increase in length as the student's memory is strengthened. While there is no attempt to produce a literary narrative to illustrate each hundred-word group, there is, at least, a central theme, about which the

sentences are so grouped as to give a living and interesting reading text suggestive of straight matter. This serves to eliminate interrupted attention, trains the mind to follow continuously a given line of thought, and makes dictation right from the start possible.

LESSON TEN

REVIEW EXERCISE

(Note: The words included in Lessons Six, Seven, Eight, and Nine comprise the second hundred words of highest frequency in the English language. The following words are derived from, or suggested by, the words con-

tained in these lessons.

Use these words in sentences of your own composition. The following paragraph is given you to show you what you can do in sentences of your own making.)

tlb Ki a Fa tou aulgt aGr nlj vthwk Sn if bf ug Fa ntwk ul stp aust Sm w// uvfw tb
sog fu.us lt w// tauno aus tm evd.ths twa tbk a g Tq a ng l Bou if udo uwk l.

backer.....Bk	finder.....Fi	higher.....Hi	lover.....Lv	runner.....Rn
bother.....Bo	former.....Fm	keeper.....Kp	maker.....Mk	smaller.....Sm
caller.....Kl	founder.....Fw	kinder.....Ki	mayor.....Ma	sooner.....Sn
cutter.....Kt	giver.....Gi	larger.....Lj	older.....Ol	teller.....Tl
fairer.....Fa	greater.....Gr	lighter.....Li	owner.....On	thinker.....Tq
farther.....Fa	hearer.....He	liver.....Lv	passer.....P'	whiter.....Wi

ASSOCIATION OF IDEAS

The law of association of ideas is one of the strongest principles governing the activity of the mind. Associate all the words of similar sound together in your mind and thereby save the learning of separate words. (how, hw : now, nw : cow, kw: row, rw : plough, plw)

In the same way learn the following groups of words through the application of the principle of the association of ideas. Then use these words in sentences of your own building. In this way the words will become fixed in your mind for all time.

Final	D	may	safely	be	omitted	in	such	words	as	maid,	ma	:	staid,	sta	:	paid,	pa
"	M	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	home,	ho	:	same,	sa	:	name,	na
"	N	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	down,	dw	:	clown,	klw	:	frown,	frw
"	ND	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	found,	fw	:	round,	rw	:	pound,	pw
"	R	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	fear,	fe	:	dear,	de	:	near,	ne
"	S	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	induce,	ndu	:	reduce,	rdu			
"	T	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	sight,	si	:	right,	ri	:	light,	li
"	V	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	leave,	le	:	receive,	rse	:	deceive,	dse

SUMMARY OF PRINCIPLES—BOOK ONE

"and" omitted in phrases

more and more	momo
again and again	agag
over and over	VV

(apostrophe)

for final "ss"

ss	lass	l'
	abness	ab'
	tailoress	Tal'
	countess	kt'
	kiss	k'
	floss	fl'
	truss	tr'
	cross	kr'
	class	kl'

c for

ch	chap	cp
	check	ck
	touch	tc
	rich	rc
	catcher	Kc

Capitalizing

Capitalizing the principal syllable
of a word adds the sound of

er	similar	Sml
	hearer	He
	larger	Lj
	honor	On
	major	Mj
der	louder	Lw
	order	Or
ter	later	La
	better	B
	debtor	D

SUMMARY OF PRINCIPLES—BOOK ONE

ther	other	O
	mother	Mo
	father	Fa
	brother	Bro

Note: Derived forms may drop the vowel "e."

filter, Fl	filtrate, Fl;
hinder, H-	Hindrance, H-c/

, (Comma)

for medial and final short vowel sounds of "ie," and for final "st."

baby	bb,
anything	n,g
money	mn,
past	p,
missed	m,
cost	k,
latest	la,
trusts	tr,,
tests	t,,
laziest	lz,,

(When the sound of "st" occurs medially, the "t" may safely be omitted. See "s," Book Two.)

Disregard spelling and write what you hear in such words as

try	tri
my	mi
few	fu
new	nu
weigh	wa
sleigh	sla

SUMMARY OF PRINCIPLES—BOOK ONE

g for final

ing	knowing	nog
thing	anything	n, g
	nothing	ng
	something	sg

- (hyphen)

for medial and final

nd	band	b-
	land	l-
	fond	f-
nt	pant	p-
	paint	pa-
	sent	s-
	splint	spl-
	front	fr-
	stunt	st-
ment	rayment	ra-
	sentiment	s--
	fundamental	f--l

k for sound of k written

c	could	kd
	cough	kf
	college	klj

k for initial and medial

cog	cognize	knz
col	collect	kk
	recollect	rkk
com	comfort	kf/
	comment	k-
	commission	kj
	committee	k;
	recommend	rk-
	accommodate	akda
con	connect	knk
	reconcile	rksl

SUMMARY OF PRINCIPLES—BOOK ONE

cor	corrupt	krp
	correspond	ksp-
coun	council	ksl
	account	akt
	recount	rkt
cum	incumbent	nkb-
	accumulate	akla
	recognize	rkz

l for final

ly	nearly	nel
	family	fml
	valley	vl

n omitted in such words as

long	lg
thing	tg
ring	rg
sing	sg
among	mg

Omit all silent letters

know	no
dough	do
rough	rf
die	di

p for medial and final

ple	cripple	krp
	triple	trp
	sample	smp
	accomplish	akpZ

Plurals

Plural endings are usually formed by adding "s." When the ending is represented by a comma, semicolon, apostrophe, or a slant, it may be re-

SUMMARY OF PRINCIPLES—BOOK ONE

peated to indicate the plural, and also the letter "s."

works	wks
forms	fms
babies	bb,,
cavities	kv;;
realities	rl;;
countesses	kt''
rents	r—
sentiments	s---
blesses	bl''
binds	bi--
ends	e--
defends	df—

q for medial and final

nk	bank	bq
	banquet	bqt
	rancour	Rq
	drink	dq
	honk	hq
	sunk	sq
	drunkard	dq/
	Lincoln	lqn
	distinction	dsqj

s for "as" when repeated in a phrase

as well as	sls
as long as	slgs
as good as	sgs
as much as	smcs

s for initial

some	something	sg
	somehow	sw
	sometimes	stis
	somewhere	swr

SUMMARY OF PRINCIPLES—BOOK ONE

/ (slant) for medial and final "rd"
and "rt."

rd	hard	h/
	hardihood	h/hd
	guard	g/
	bird	b/
rt	heard	h/
	word	w/
	art	a/
	artist	a/,
	heartless	h/l'
	squirt	sq/
	flirt	fl/
	dirt	d/
	curt	k/

When "rd" or "rt" follows c, j, s, and z,
the vowel may be inserted to avoid
conflict.

chart	ca/
jarred	ja/
sort	so/
lizard	lza/

; for final

ity	lucidity	lsd;
	oddity	od;
	finality	fil;
	docility	dsl;
	frivolity	fvl;
	credulity	kdl;
	profanity	pfn;
	serenity	srn;
	rarity	ra;
	temerity	tmr;
	seniority	snr;
	futurity	Fu;

SUMMARY OF PRINCIPLES—BOOK ONE

tenacity	tns;
obesity	obs;
duplicity	dps;
verbosity	vbs;
cavity	kv;
longevity	ljb;
proclivity	pklv;
laxity	lx;
ability	ab;
fallibility	flb;
nobility	nb;

t for (in infinitives only)

to	to do	tdo
	to have	tv
	to be	tb
	to see	tse
	to know	tno

t for

th	them	tm
	then	tn
	there	tr
	these	tz
	think	tq

v for final

ever	whenever	wnv
	whoever	hov
	however	hwv

w for the sound of medial and final

ow	cow	kw
	mouse	mws
	how	hw
	row	rw

SUMMARY OF PRINCIPLES—BOOK ONE

y for

oi	toy	ty
	joy	jy
	boil	byl
	soil	syl
	oil	yl

Z for initial, medial, and final

sh	shadow	Zdo
	shoes	Zz
	flashy	flZ,
	rushing	rZg
	mesh	mZ
	fish	fZ
	dish	dZ
	rush	rZ

z for final "s" having the sound of z.

raise	rz
tease	tz
sneeze	snz
wise	wz
nose	nz
choose	cz
fuse	fz

LESSON ELEVEN

among.....mg	company.....oo	full,-y.....fu	poor.....po	since.....sc/
around.....rw	country.....K	hundred.....H	river.....Rv	strong.....S
best.....b,	cross.....kr'	made.....ma	saw.....sa	together...tog
close.....klz	follow.....fo	once.....c/	school.....skl	true,-th....tu
cold.....kl	friend.....fr	order.....Or	sea.....se	try.....tri

Principles

35 Use standard abbreviations whenever possible. (company, co : number, no)

36 Write a for the sound of AW and AU. (law, la : raw, ra : author, A)
 (Note: Write o for the same sound if the word is spelled with o.
 Ex. ought, ot)

37 Write c/ to express the sound of final NCE and NSE, and also, NCY.
 (dance, dc/ : fence, fc/ : rinse, rc/ : fancy, fc/)

(Note: When the "ance" sign (c/) occurs medially, omit the slant.
 Ex. pencil, pcl : expensive, xpcv : fencing, fcg : princess, po')

(Note: When final "ance" (c/) is preceded by a vowel, omit the c.
 Ex. endurance, ndu/ : continuance, Ku/ : insurance, nsu/)

- 38 Write S to express the sound of STR and combinations of STR. (strike, Si : start, St : destroy, dSy : sterling, Slg : stir, S : restore, rS : disturb, dSb : minister, mnS)
- 39 Write K to express initial CONTIN, CONTRA, CONTRI, CONTRO, COUNTER. (continual, Kul : contract, Kk : contribute, Kb : controversy, Kvs, : counteract, Kak)

Sentences

At the close of a cold day the order came to cross the river.
 The company was fully a hundred strong, and made up of the best men.
 The man at the head of the company was loved by all his men.
 Among the boys were five true friends who had been together since they left school.
 These boys had once tried to follow the sea, but they did not like it.
 In going around the world, however, they saw the poor people of other countries.

(86 words)

at iklz vakld lOrk lkr' lRv. lcozfu att Samap
 vtb, mn. lmv- atthd vtco zlv blsmn. mg lbyz w5
 lufro kohb loq sc /lylf skl. lzbys hc/tri lfo lse b ly
 ddn lkt. ngrw lwo hwr lya lpopp v OkS.

LESSON TWELVE

above.....bv	business....bs	hard.....h/	might.....mi	those.....tos
along.....lg	care.....ka	help.....hp	plan.....pln	thought....tt
arm.....am	coming.....k	hold.....hl	protect...ptk	want.....w-
bed.....bd	door.....do	king.....kg	room.....rm	whole.....hl
behind.....bh	enough.....nf	line.....li	set.....st	wish.....wZ

Principles

- 40 Write n to express initial EN, IN. (enlarge, nlj : inform, nfm)
- 41 Write p to express initial and medial PR, PER, PUR, PRE, PRO. (pride, pi : perfect, pfk : purchase, pcs : pretend, pt- : provide, pvi : spread, spd)
- 42 Write a for the sound of initial AR. (argue, agu : arch, ac : arm, am)
- " e " " " " " ER. (earn, en : earth, eth : early, el)
- " o " " " " " OR. (orphan, ofn : orchard, oc/ : orb, ob)
- " u " " " " " UR. (urge, uj : urban, ubn : urchin, ucn)

Sentences

Hard men thought the business of a king was to protect each man's door. (12)
 This made the boys wish they might help the poor people of their own country.
 Coming back home, they set out to care for those who were in want. (16)

But above the call of the poor, came the call of their whole country.
 They thought it best to arm enough men along the way to hold the line.
 This plan was made in a room behind closed doors; then they went to bed. (87 words)

h/mn t lbs vakeg z lptk ecm--do. thma lbys w/ lymn
 hp lpopp vtronk. kbk ho lystou lka ftas hownw-.b
 bwlkl vtpo k lkl vtrhltk. lytt lb. lam nfmn lq lwa
 lhl lli. lhpLn zma narm bh klz dos. ln lyw-lobd.

Punctuation

- (12) *The possessive of singular nouns is formed by adding an apostrophe and s ('s). (Ex. The boy's coat.)*
- (13) *In the possessive plural of a noun of which the nominative plural ends in s, the apostrophe should follow the final s. (Ex. Boys' coats.)*
- (14) *Proper nouns of one syllable ending in s form the possessive singular by adding an apostrophe and s ('s). (Ex. Jones's hat.)*
- (15) *Proper nouns of two or more syllables ending in s form the possessive singular by adding the apostrophe only. (Ex. Moses' law, Jesus' sake, Socrates' orations.)*

LESSON THIRTEEN

better.....B	done.....dn	hour.....r	need.....ne	spring.....spg
black.....bl	during.....du	late.....la	never.....nv	state (St).sta
bring.....br	face.....fs	meet.....me	next.....nx	until.....ut
change.....cj	fine.....fi	money.....mn,	number.....no	wall.....wal
constant...ks-	horse.....hs	morning...mng	rest.....r,	yet.....yt

Principles

- 43 Write s to express medial ST. (lastly, lsl : ghostly, gsl : constant, ks- : distant, ds- : assistance, assc/ : understand, Us-)
- 44 N may be omitted before the sound of CIAL, CH, J, NCE, SHUN. (financial, fnx : branch, brc : singe, sj : ordinance, odc/ : intention, ntj)
- 45 T may safely be omitted after the sound of P, K, and X. (rapt, rp : picture, pku : lecture, lku : mixture, mxu : texture, txu)
- 46 Write u to express initial UN. (unlike, ulk : unfair, ufa : unkind, uki)

January.....jn	May.....ma	September.....sp
February.....fb	June.....ju	October.....oc
March.....mc	July.....jl	November.....nv
April.....ap	August.....ag	December.....dc

Sentences

The hour was late. They had done all they could for the State.

They lay there with set faces, and thought what the coming day might bring.

Next morning there might be changes to meet, and there was a constant need of money and horses.

A number of fine men must die if better care were not given them.

With their backs to the wall now, they could never hold out until spring.

But during the long hours of that black night they did not once give up. (89 words)

Uzla. lyhdn l lykd ft st. lyla tr wstfss att wat k
 d mibr. rxmng lrmib cjs lme atrz aks-nw mn.
 akss. anov firmn m, di if Bka wrngi lm. wtr bks
 lot wal nw lykd rwhl ou ut spq. b dut lgrs vta
 blni lyddn c/gip.

LESSON FOURTEEN

because.....ks	dress.....dr'	mean.....me	present....ps-	stop.....stp
begin.....bg	foot.....ft	mother.....Mo	read.....rd	sure.....su
carry.....ky	girl.....gl	nothing.....ng	round.....rw	talk.....tak
cover.....Kv	learn.....ln	plant.....pl-	send.....s-	under.....U
does.....ds	matter.....Ma	point.....py	special....spx	walk.....wak

Principles

- 47 Write y to express medial and final ARY, ERY, IRY, ORY, URY. (momentary, mo-y : finery, fiy : wiry, wy : sorry, sy : luxury, lxy : serious, syx)
- 48 x may be used to express medial and final US, OUS, EOUS, IUS, IOUS, CIOUS, TIOUS. (bonus, bnx: hazardous, hz/x : gorgeous, gjx : gracious, gx : radius, rdx : odious, odx : ambitious, mbx)
- 49 Write x to express the sound of final CIAL, ACIAL, SUAL, TIAL, ATIAL. (crucial, kux : racial, rx : visual, vx : martial, max : palatial, plx)

Sentences

A few days before they were sure their mother would send them help.
 She would stop at nothing to carry her point, and would begin at once.
 If need be, she would dress like a girl and walk among the plants.
 In this way she would be sure to learn the special news of state.
 Just then a man came on foot, under cover of the night, bringing the news.
 They read, "At present the King does not mean to try to carry another point."
 It was enough; in all the round world there was no country like theirs.
 This is the way they learned that a man does not die because he is poor.
 He just begins to live when he knows that life is forever.
 As they walked, and talked the matter over, they found they could say, even as said
 another good man of old, "O King, live for ever." (17) (153 words)

*afud b' iywsu lr Mo ds-lm hp. Zdstp atng they hpy
 adbq atc/. ifneb Zddr' lkagl awak mgt-pl--.
 nthwa Zdbsu lnr lsrnz vsta. p. ln am-koft
 UKv vtne b'rtng. lyrd atps- lkg dsn me lru*

they a Opy lznf. nlt rowo lznno K lktro. lhtwa lyl-
 laam- dsndi ksespo. ep, bgs ltv wrenz talfs fo. as
 ty wak a lakt Ma V lyfw lykdsa vn assd a O
 gm- vol okq lv fev.

Punctuation

(16) Use a comma to set off absolute phrases. (Ex. Replying to your letter of June 5, I am sending you under another cover the report for which you ask.)

(17) The sign of direct address (poetic or Biblical) is spelled O. It is always capitalized, and is not followed by punctuation. (Ex. "I fear for thee, O my country.")

(18) The common interjection is spelled OH. It is capitalized only at the beginning of a sentence, and is followed by an exclamation point, or a comma. (Ex. "Oh, but you must do your work before you go." "Oh! you ought not to do that.")

LESSON FIFTEEN

REVIEW EXERCISE

(Note: The words included in Lessons Eleven, Twelve, Thirteen, and Fourteen comprise the third hundred words of highest frequency in the English language.

The following words are derived from, or suggested by, the words found in the last four lessons. Make up sentences in code, using these words, as you did in Lesson Ten.)

beginner....Bg	fewer.....Fu	later.....La	pointer.....Py	stronger....Sr
blacker....Bl	finer.....Fi	layer.....La	poorer.....Po	surer.....Su
carrier....Ky	follower....Fo	learner....Ln	roomer.....Rm	talker....Tak
closer....Kls	harder.....H/	liner.....Li	rounder....Rw	truer.....Tu
colder....Kl	helper.....Hp	meaner.....Me	sender.....S-	walker....Wak
dresser....Dr'	holder.....Hl	planter....Pl-	setter.....St	wisher.....WZ
unarm.....uam	undo.....udo	unfair....ufa	unkind....uki	unsaid....usd
unclose...uklz	undone....udn	unhand....uh-	unlearn...uln	untrue....utu
uncover...uKv	uneven....uvn	unjust....uj,	unrest....ur,	unturn....utn

LESSON SIXTEEN

almost.....lmo	child.....ci	free.....fre	mind.....mi-	speak.....spe
beautiful..btf	children...cil	garden....g/n	motion.....mj	summer.....Sm
big.....bg	dear.....de	gold.....gol	often.....of	third.....3d
bird.....b/	feel.....fl	hair.....ha	reach.....rc	warm.....wm
brother....Bro	field.....fel	happy.....hp,	lead.....le	yellow....ylo

Principles

- 50 Write f to express medial and final FUL, FULLY, FERE, FORE, and FY. (useful, usf : carefully, kaf : interfere, Nf : therefore, trf : verify, vf : carefulness, kaf')
- 51 Write j to express medial and final TION, ATION, ETION, ICIAN, OTION, USION. (action, akj : relation, rlj : Venetian, vnj : physician, fsj : motion, mj : fusion, fj : position, psj : reactionary, rkjy : actionable, akjb)

Sunday.....sn	Thursday.....th	street.....st
Monday.....mn	Friday.....fr	avenue.....av
Tuesday.....tu	Saturday.....st	city.....(C)....s;
Wednesday.....wd	State (n).....St	court.....k/

Sentences

My brother has two dear little children, who are just as happy as they can be. They play in the field and garden through the warm summer hours, and often stay out until late.

The little child, who is now in her third year, has beautiful yellow hair just like gold.

And her heart is almost as light as the motions of the birds she so loves to talk to.

Her big brother is six years old; therefore he thinks he should lead her.

But she has reached a point now where she feels free to speak her own mind.

(100 words)

mi Bro as2 de ll cil horj, shp,s tykb.typla ntfel ag/n tut wm Smrs aof sta ou ut
la.tll ci hosnw nh3dy asbtf yloha j,lk gol.ahh/ slmo slis tmjs vtb// Z so lvs ttak
to.hbg Bros 6yol trf etqs eZd leh.b Zas rc apynw wr Z fls fre tspe hon mi-.

LETTER

mdfr lub fre tsp- tSm wus?iZdb mo, hp, tvu.tcil atr Mo sls i wZ ud fl tar ho s lw
op tou.r g/n s btf nw ami Bro sd j, l,ni hwmc g ett, afuds nt K d dou.bsu a k to

us ifuk.r, su wl dorb, tmk uv agti. fu

(93 words)

LESSON SEVENTEEN

always.....lw	course.....krs	eat.....et	please.....pl	top.....tp
am.....m	deep.....dp	fire.....fr	rich.....rc	town.....tw
apple.....ap	draw.....dra	gave.....ga	second(sec).2d	weather.....W
ask.....sk	drink.....dq	myself...mis/	sweet.....swe	winter.....W-
clear.....kle	early.....el	north.....N	table.....tab	wood.....wd

Principles

- 52 Write b to express medial and final BLE and BLY. (eatable, etb : notably, ntb : forcible, fsb : sensibly, scb : feeble, fb : tablet, tbt : durability, dub;)
- 53 Write s/ to express SELF or SELVES. (herself, hs/ : myself, mis/ : himself, ms/ : yourself, us/ : selfish, s/Z) (Note: SELF and SELVES are distinguished by the context, with the exception of YOURSELVES, which may be written, us//)

Sentences

When I am free, and the weather is clear, I always take the children to the north of the town.

There is a high hill here, and on top of it is a deep wood.

In this wood one does not feel the cold even in early winter.

In this wood is a deep spring, from which we like to draw a drink of water.
 By the side of this spring today I made a fire and set our table myself.
 A friend gave us some red apples, and of course we must eat them to please her.
 The apples are very rich and sweet, and we do not ask for a second one. (114 words)

*wnum fre at Wskle ilw lktcil lot N vttw. lrs ahihl
 he aotp vt sadp wd. nthwd ondsn fl lkl vn nel
 W- nthwd sadp spq fmwv wlk ldra adq vWa. btsiv
 thspq lod ima afr ast rtab mis/. afr gaus sord
 aps avks wmn, et lmn lplh. laps rvrc aswe aw-
 don sk fa 2 d on.*

(Note: In certain commonly used phrases, the outlines may be shortened, either by omitting unnecessary letters, or by omitting self-evident words. (Ex. of course, vks : point of view, pyvu : men and women, mnwmn : day or two, d2 : now and then, nwtñ)

LESSON EIGHTEEN

add.....ad	flower.....flw	power.....pw	rock.....rk	sound.....sw
air.....ar	hope.....hop	quick.....q	seen.....se	thousand.....T
answer.....ans	mark.....mak	receive....rse	ship.....Z	train.....trn
become.....bk	paper.....Pp	respect....rsp	sleep.....slp	write.....ri
cent.....c	piece.....pc	road.....rd	something...sg	young.....yg

Principles

- 54 Write q to express initial QU. (quite, qi : quake, qk : quarrel, ql)
- 55 Write Q to express initial QUADR. (quadrant, Q- : quadrennial, Qnl : quadrilateral, QLal : quadroon, Qn : quadruple, Qp)
- 56 Omit the vowel in the syllables BE, DE, DI, RE, DIS, MIS. (beside, bsi : delight, dli : remove, rmv : dislike, dslk : mislead, msle)

Sentences

The little girl has power to please the birds, for she is very quick to hear a sound.

Calling the birds and flowers by name, she has paid her respects to all of them.

When she thinks she receives an answer from them, she writes on a rock by the road.

I pay her ten cents each day to add up the marks she puts on the rock.

In this way I hope to train her while she is still young to become quick in adding up to a thousand.

The boy has been playing with his paper ship, and now he has seen it go to pieces on a rock in the water.

The sun is warm, the air is sweet, and the children answer the call of sleep.

(130 words)

tll gl aspw tpl tb// f Z svq the asw.kl tb// aflws bna Z aspah rsps tol vtm.wn Z
 tqz Z rses aans fmtm Z ris oark bt rd.ipah l0c ecd tadp tmaks Zps otrk.nthwa ihop
 ttrn h wl Zs stlyg tbkq nadp toa T.tby asb pla ws Pp Z anw eas set gto pcs oark
 ntWa.tsns wm tars swe atcil anst klv slp.

LESSON NINETEEN

across.....kr'
 alone.....alo
 bear.....ba
 box.....bx
 cause.....ks

death.....dth
 drive.....dri
 drop.....drp
 entertain..Ntn
 fill.....fl

glad.....gl
 ground....grw
 grow,-n...gro
 joy.....jy
 letter.....L

peace.....pc
 remember...Rmb
 short.....Z
 sit.....st
 street.....st

though.....tho
 war.....wr
 went.....w-
 wide.....wd
 wind.....wi-

Principles

- 57 Write L to express the sound of initial LETER, LITER. (letterhead, Lhd : literary, Ly : literature, Ltu : literally, Ll)
- 58 Write N to express initial and medial ENTER, INTER, INTRI, INTRO, and also INTEL. (entertain, Ntn : interrupt, Np : intricate, Nka : introduce, Ndu : intelligent, Nj : uninterrupted, uNp : unintelligible, uNjb)

Sentences

I sit there alone and think of the few short years since I, too, was a child, playing in the street.

But when I had grown to be a young man, I tried to bear my part in the great World War.

I went across the sea to face death, if need be, in time for the last drive.

I remember how I used to lie there on the ground among those beautiful flowers.

Even though the cause was dear to my heart, I longed to receive a box or a letter from home.

At last I, too, drop off to sleep, and on the wind come more thoughts of the big, wide world.

But now they are all of peace and love, and they fill me with joy.

Today I have learned that thoughts of war and death have no place on the beautiful hills.

We should entertain only thoughts of joy and peace, and let all the world be glad with us. (164 words)

ist lralo atq vtfu f ys sc/ito zaci pla ntst. bwn
 ihgro lbayq m-itre lba mip/ntgr wour. iw-kerlse
 ifs dth ifneb nti fth, dri. iRmb hwius lli lr
 otgrw mg los bth flws. vntho lks zde tomih/ilq
 lre abx oraL fmho. atl, ito drpof loslp aotwi-
 kemo lts vt bq wdwo. bnw lyrl vpc alv atyflme
 wjy. lod ivl. latts vwr adth vnopl ot bth kls.
 wzd Ntn nl lts vjy apc alt ltwo bgl wus.

(Note: Capitalize the names of important historical events or documents. Ex. The American Revolution. The Declaration of Independence.)

LESSON TWENTY

(Note: The words introduced in Lessons Sixteen, Seventeen, Eighteen, and Nineteen comprise the fourth hundred words of highest frequency in the English language.)

The following words are derived from, or suggested by, the words found in the last four lessons, and they are offered as a supplementary drill and review.)

adder.....Ad	deeper.....Dp	fielder....Fel	payer.....Pa	shorter.....Zr
bearer.....Ba	drawer....Dra	filler.....Fl	player.....Pla	speaker.....Spe
bigger.....Bg	drinker....Dq	freer.....Fre	quicker.....Q	sweeter.....Swe
boxer.....Bx	driver....Dri	happier...Hp,	receiver...Rse	trainer.....Trn
center.....S-	earlier....El	leader.....Le	redder.....Rd	warmer.....Wm
clearer...Kle	eater.....Et	marker....Mak	richer.....Rc	wider.....Wd
dearer.....De	feeler.....Fl	oftener....Of	shipper.....Zr	younger.....Yg
careful...kaf	hopeful...hopf	needful...nef	powerful...pwf	thoughtful..ttf
changeful..cjf	joyful....jyf	peaceful...pcf	respectful.rspf	useful.....usf
helpful...hpf	mindful...mi-f	playful...plaf	restful....rsf	wishful....wZf
clearly...klel	gladly....gll	lately....lal	openly.....opl	rightly....ril
deeply....dpl	hardly....h/l	lightly....lil	partly.....p/l	shortly.....Zl
evenly....vnl	hilly.....hl	manly.....mnl	poorly.....pol	womanly....wml
friendly...frl	kindly....kil	nearly....nel	quickly.....ql	worldly....wol

SUMMARY OF PRINCIPLES—BOOK TWO

a for "ar" in such words as

ar	arm	am
	argue	agu
	arch	ac

a for the sound of

aw	law	la
	raw	ra
	jaw	ja
au	aught	at
	author	A

(Write "o" for the same sound if the word is spelled with "o." See "o.")

b for medial and final

ble	eatable	etb
	feebleness	fb'
	forcible	fsb
	double	db
	trouble	trb
	tablet	tb
	durability	dub;
	capability	kpb;
	legibility	ljb;
	immobility	ib;
	sensibly	scb
	forcibly	fsb

c/ for final

nce	dance	dc/
	since	sc/
nse	rinse	rc/
	response	rspc/
ancy	fancy	fc/

SUMMARY OF PRINCIPLES—BOOK TWO

(When the sound of "ance," "ence," or "ince," occurs medially, the slant (/) may be omitted.)

extensive	xtcv
intensive	ntcv
sensitive	scv
responsive	rspcv
responsible	rspcb

(When the sound of "ance," "ence," or "ince," is preceded by a vowel, the "c" may be omitted.)

insurance	nsu/
endurance	ndu/
conveyance	kva/
reliance	rli/
compliance	kpi/

e for "er" in such words as

er	earn	en
	earth	eth
	early	el

f for medial and final

ful	useful	usf
	carefulness	kaf'
fully	thoughtfully	ttf
	truthfully	tuf
fere	interfere	Nf
fore	therefore	trf
fy	verify	vf
	intensify	ntcf

j for medial and final

tion	action	akj
	actionable	akjb
	reactionary	rkjy

SUMMARY OF PRINCIPLES—BOOK TWO

ation	rational	rjl
	nation	nj
	relation	rlj
etion	Venetian	vnj
ition	position	psj
	physician	fsj
	conditional	kdjl
otion	motion	mj
	lotion	lj
usion	fusion	fj
	delusion	dlj
	profusion	pfj

K for initial and medial

contin	continue	Ku
	discontinue	dsKu
contra	contradiction	Kdkj
	contrary	Ky
	contract	Kk
contri	contribute	Kb
contro	controvert	Kv/
	controversy	Kvs,
counter	countermand	Km-
	encounter	nK

L for initial

leter	letterhead	Lhd
liter	literary	Ly
	literature	Ltu

n omitted before the sound of

ch	branch	brc
	lunch	lc
	trench	trc
j	range	rj
	change	cj
	singe	sj
	cringe	krj

SUMMARY OF PRINCIPLES—BOOK TWO

nse	ordinance	odc/
	permanence	pmc/
shal	financial	fnx
	credential	kdx
shun	intention	ntj
	convention	kvj
	attention	atj

n for initial

en	enlarge	nlj
	endow	ndw
in	inform	nfm
	insist	ns,
	invite	nvi

N for initial and medial

enter	entertain	Ntn
	enterprise	Npz
inter	interrupt	Np
	intercept	Nsp
	interest	N,
	uninteresting	uNsg
intri	intricate	Nka
intro	introduce	Ndu
	introduction	Ndkj
intel	intelligent	Nj
	intellect	Nk
	intellectual	Nkl

o for "or" in such words as

or	orphan	ofn
	orchard	oc/
	orb	ob

o for the sound of

ou	ought	ot
----	-------	----

(Write "a" for the same sound if the word is spelled with "a." See "a.")

Omit vowels in syllables

be	beside	bsi
de	delight	dli
di	divide	dvi
re	remove	rmv
dis	dislike	dslk
mis	mislead	msle
	mistake	msk

p for initial or medial

p̄r	pride	pi
	spring	spg
	spread	spd
per	perfect	pfk
	perhaps	pps
	persist	ps,
	imperceptible	ipspb
pur	purchase	pcs
pre	pretend	pt-
	predict	pdk
pro	provide	pvi
	protect	ptk
	improvident	ipvd-

q for initial and medial

qu	quite	qi
	quake	qk
	quarrel	ql
	squirrel	sql

Q for initial

quadr	quadrant	Q-
	quadrennial	Qnl
	quadrilateral	QLal
	quadroon	Qn
	quadruple	Qp

SUMMARY OF PRINCIPLES—BOOK TWO

s for medial

st	vastly	vsl
	ghostly	gsl
	lastly	lsl
	beastly	bsl
	lustily	lsl
	constant	ks-
	distant	ds-
	assistance	assc/
	understand	Us-

s/ for

self	herself	hs/
	himself	ms/
	myself	mis/
	yourself	us/
	yourselves	us//
	selfish	s/Z
selves	themselves	tms/

S for initial, medial, and final "str" and combinations of "str."

str	strike	Si
	striker	Sir
	distrust	dS,
	destroy	dSy
	destruction	dSkj
	distress	dS'
	industry	ndS
	industries	ndSs
	industrious	ndSx
ster	sterling	Slg
	consternation	kSnj
	minister	mnS
	restore	rS
	start	St
	disturb	dSb

SUMMARY OF PRINCIPLES—BOOK TWO

t omitted before the sound of

k	picture	pku
	lecture	lku
p	rapture	rpu
x	next	nx
	mixture	mxu
	texture	txu

u for initial

un	unlike	ulk
	unfair	ufa
	unkind	uki

u for initial "ur" in such words as

ur	urge	uj
	urban	ubn
	urchin	ucn

x for medial and final

acial	racial	rx
	facial	fx
atial	palatial	plx
ucial	crucial	kux
sual	visual	vx
tial	martial	max

x for medial and final

us	bonus	bnx
	circus	Cx
	rumpus	rmpx
ous	hazardous	hz/x
eous	gorgeous	gjx
ius	radius	rdx
ious	odious	odx
acious	gracious	gx
itious	ambitious	mbx
	ambitiously	mbxl

y for medial and final

ary	nefarious	nfyx
	momentary	mo-y
	salutary	slty
ery	serial	syl
	finery	fiy
	merry	my
ory	glorious	glyx
	memory	mmy
	sorry	sy
	worry	wy
iry	fiery	fy
	wiry	wy
ury	treasury	tsy
	hurry	hy
	flurry	fly

LESSON TWENTY-ONE

agree.....Ag	east.....E	fresh.....frZ	month.....mo	serve.....sv
bread.....brd	egg.....eg	green.....grn	rain.....rn	several.....sv
brought...bro	enjoy.....njy	hot.....ht	roll.....rl	son.....sn
burn.....bn	family....fml	known.....no	sail.....sal	south.....S
corn.....kn	food.....fd	milk.....mlk	sent.....s-	visit.....vst

Principles

- 59 Write s to express the sound of initial and medial SER. (service, svS : ascertain, astn : survey, sva)
- 60 Write Ag to express initial AGGRA, AGRE, AGRI. (aggravate, Agva : aggregation, Aggj : agreement, Ag- : disagree, dsAg : agriculture, Agkl)
- 61 Write Dg to express initial DEGRA, DEGRE. (degrade, Dgd : degree, Dg)
- 62 A period or question mark repeated at the end of a sentence indicates a new paragraph.

Sentences

Last year I went South for a month to visit a family I had known for several years, and one night we talked over old times.

I was brought up with the son, and when war came, we were sent east to serve in the same company.

It was a burning hot day in summer when we set sail, and the roll of the sea made us look for rain soon.

We did not enjoy the trip over, but we all agreed that the food was very good—good bread, milk, fresh eggs, and sometimes an ear of green corn. (19) (100 words)

l,y iw- S famo tvst afml ihno fsvy aonni wtak V oltis.iz bro p wtsn awn wrk ww s- E
tsv nt saco.tza bn ht d n Sm wn wst sal at rl vtse maus lo frn sn.wddn njy ttrp V b
wl Ag tat fd zvg g brd mlk frZ egs astis aer vgrn kn.

Punctuation

(19) *Use the dash before a repetition or modification, having the effect of an afterthought. (Ex. Two things are necessary for success in any line—intelligence and perseverance.)*

(Note: North, South, East, and West, and their compounds and derivatives, should be capitalized only when they refer to sections of the country, and not to direction. Ex. The South is a growing country.)

LESSON TWENTY-TWO

alter.....Al	floor.....flo	less.....l'	raise.....rz	step.....stp
certain.....s/n	front.....fr-	lost.....l,	ready.....rd,	took.....tk
color.....Kl	heavy.....hv	mine.....mi	reason.....rsn	voice.....vy
determine.....Dm	laugh.....lf	person....psn	save.....sav	watch.....wc
destruction.dSkj	length....lng	proceed....pse	sing.....sg	week.....wk

Principles

- 63 Write D to express DETER and DETRI. (determine, Dm : detrimental, D-1)
- 64 Write Al to express initial and medial ALTER. (alternative, Alnv : unalterable, uAlb)

Sentences

The first week some of us took turns and watched for a mine that might blow us up, but this did not alter our determination to proceed.

We had good reason to fear mines, and every person was ready at all times to save himself from certain destruction.

Most of the boys would laugh and sing, but there were two who would not raise their voices to sing.

They were sure we should never sight land, much less ever reach the front.

At length their fear was so great that they lost their color, and their step was heavy on the floor.

(102 words)

Uf, wke sovus uketns awc fame lami blousp b
 ihddn Al r Dmj Upse. whgrsn lfe mis aevpsn
 zrd, atl tis tsar ms/ fm s/n dskj. mo, vtbys dl f asq
 btrw 2 hodn rz evys lsg. tywsu wfdnv sil-mcl'
 evrc lfr-. atlng lfe zsogr laty l, lrlk atrstp zhr
 oflo

LETTER

dm ulk tb l dr, do-u?nth wmn two V rmc tsa..b n lvus no wn wr or rn ldr,.ru lw
 su?nw hw k on mk hs/ at le, fal su?ma wtlu sg ta wtq l ad u smcs n,g k?j, kl ous
 so mng a lt r on B Zout g apo pys va H dr'' wc wZv ou fu.Zl tlu t "ys" a "wrfs"
 vg drsg as Zo ntz dr''..wr mk thof j, thwk fr frs vlg, st-g.ulse to tatsb ma tog
 wr sal vdti dr''.wrsu ul lk ta p/ vt..n,ti dut mng tas b, fu lb b, fus.luk??su

(170 words)

LESSON TWENTY-THREE

bad.....bd	church.....cc	law.....la	plain.....pln	silver.....Slv
belief.....ble	dark.....dk	mountain...mt	presence..psc/	sister.....sS
believe...ble	earth.....eth	move.....mv	pretty.....p;	soft.....sf
body.....bd,	feet.....ft	patriotic..PaT	remain.....rmn	spoke,-n...spo
buy.....b	God.....G	picture...pku	ride.....rd	wait.....wa

Principles

- 65 Write T to express final ATIC, ETIC, ITIC, OTIC, UTIC. (dogmatic, dgmT :
cosmetic, ksmT : politic, plT : chaotic, kT : therapeutic, typT)
- 66 Write Pa to express initial PATER, PATRI, PATRO. (paternal, Panl : patriotic,
PaT : patronize, Panz)

Sentences

The whole body of patriotic men came to land one dark night, and I myself was very glad to place my feet on the soft earth once more.

We had to remain there till the next day before we could move up to the front, and even then we could not ride.

While we were waiting, we went into a pretty little church to hear the law of God spoken,—"Love one another as I have loved you."

This plain talk served to give the boys new strength, and took away the bad belief of certain death.

I believe, however, that only once did these two mountain boys leave our presence.

Then it was only long enough to buy a picture and a case of silver to send to their sister. (131 words)

thlbd, v PaT mn kto l- on dkni ai mis/ zvgl tpl mift otsf eth c/ mo.wh trmn tr tlt
 nxd bfwkd.mvp tot fr- avntn wkdn rd.wl ww wa ww- nt ap; ll cc the tlav G spo lv ona0
 asiv lvu.th pln tak sv tgi tbys nuS atk awa tdbble vs/n dth.ible hwv tanl c/ dd tz 2
 mt bys le rpsc/.tn tznl lgnf tb apku aakas vSlv ts- totr sS.

LETTER

j..o ma f, ws-u aOr f 3 nu p'bks tb us nr sm K S n spgfel.p tot ps- wvh now/ fmu.
 tpspb tat L zl, b wZd lk tno atc/ ifuk tkt Or..wvcj rplns ab p n tnu p'bks nt s; S.
 wble ta ks som pp vus tOs tyln wZ tb tnu.mab Lao wZb wlg tdo asu Orm- ris.hwv j, nw
 wdon wZ tcj awrsu ulUs-..wZv r fa Or rd, fu ssns wgt w/ fmr B.elbhe bte- vtwk awZ
 riu atc/..vtu (160 words)

LESSON TWENTY-FOUR

against.....ag	dead.....dd	kill.....kl	miss.....m'	thank.....tq
ball.....bal	fast.....f,	led.....ld	soldier....soj	tomorrow...tom
bank.....bq	fly.....fli	low.....lo	start.....St	tonight...ton
brave.....brv	general....Jnl	measure....mz/	stone.....sto	whom.....hm
chasm.....kA	got.....gt	mile.....mi	story.....S,	window....w-o

Principles

- 67 Capitalize the vowel immediately preceding SM to indicate endings ASM, ISM, and OSM. (spasm, spA : aphorism, afI : microcosm, mkk0)
- 68 Write z/ to express the sound of ZURE. (seizure, sz/ : leisure, lz/)

Sentences

But when we got started for the front, these boys of whom I have spoken led the way. They would measure off mile after mile as fast as the very best men, and they did not miss a step.

Do you see out of that window a bank covered with blue flowers? Well, they are going to raise a stone there to mark the place where the general was killed. (20)

He tried to fly low over the Chasm; it was a brave act, but it was against the law, and he was brought back dead.

I cannot tell you more of the story today, for tonight we go to a ball given for the soldiers, and tomorrow I shall leave for home.

You have made my stay here very happy, and I thank you for it. I hope you will enjoy your work. (143 words)

bwn wgt St ffr-lybys vhm ivspo ldtwa. lyd m3/
 of miafmi sf, s lob, mn atyddn m'astp. douise ouw
 law-o abq kv wblu flws? l tyrg urz asto lr lmak lpl
 wrt Jnl zkl. etri lpli to V kka l3 abrvak btz agtla
 acz brobk dd. iken llu mout S, lod fton wq loabal
 gi ftsojs a lom izle fho. uvma, mista hevhp. aitgu
 ft. ihopul njy uwk.

Punctuation

(20) *A word used to mark a sudden transition should be set off by a comma. This is a colloquialism much used in business argument, but not proper in formal context.*

LESSON TWENTY-FIVE

(Note: The words introduced in Lessons Twenty-one, Twenty-two, Twenty-three, and Twenty-four comprise the fifth hundred words of highest frequency in the English language.

The following words are derived from, or suggested by, the words found in the last four lessons, and they are offered as a supplementary drill and review.)

banker.....Bq	fresher.....FrZ	plainer.....Pln	server.....Sv
believer.....Ble	greener.....Grn	prettier.....P;	singer.....Sg
blower.....Blo	heavier.....Hv	raiser.....Rz	softer.....Sf
bluer.....Blu	hotter.....Ht	readier.....Rd,	starter.....Str
burner.....Bn	lengthier.....Lng	reasoner.....Rsn	tiller.....Tl
buyer.....B	lesser.....L'	rider.....Rd	visitor.....Vst
darker.....Dk	lower.....Lo	roller.....Rl	waiter.....Wa
faster.....F,	miner.....Mi	sailor.....Sal	watcher.....Wc
encase.....nks	inside.....nsi	unfailing.....uflg	unopen.....uop
enrich.....nrc	insist.....ns,	unhappy.....uhp,	unreason.....ursn
enroll.....nrl	insure.....nsu	unknown.....uno	unsafe.....usf
enwind.....nw-	unbelief.....uble	unless.....ul'	unwilling.....uwl
believable....bleb	enjoyable....nzyb	laughable....lfb	movable.....mvb
fearful.....fef	grateful.....grf	lawful.....laf	thankful.....tqf

LESSON TWENTY-SIX

ago.....ag	dance.....dc/	incline....ncn	moment.....mo-	study.....std,
although...lto	evening....eve	Indian.....ndn	queen.....qn	throw.....tro
appear.....ap	fight.....fi	interest....N,	rose.....rz	west.....W
beat.....be	heard.....h/	master.....mS	star.....S	wife.....wf
bright.....bri	hunt.....h-	minute.....mn	straight....Sa	wild.....wil

Principles

- 69 Write nc to express initial ENCLI, ENCLO, INCLE, INCLI, INCLO, INCLU.
(enclitic, ncT : enclosure, ncz/ : inclement, nc- : inclination, ncnj :
inclose, nc : include, ncd)
- 70 Write dc to express initial DECLA, DECLC, DECLI. (declaim, dcm : declension,
dcj : decline, dcn)
- 71 Write rc to express initial RECLA, RECLI, RECLU. (reclamation, rcmj : recluse,
rcs : recline, rcn)
- 72 Separate a proper name from the rest of the sentence.

Sentences

For a few minutes this evening I should like to interest you in the Indian of the
West. for he is but little known.

A few years ago we knew little more about him than that he loved the dance, the hunt, and the fight; but today we are studying his home life.

The Indian is tall and straight. He is inclined to dislike work, and he thinks even the heavy work out of doors is fit only for women.

His wife looks upon him as her master; and although he may call her his Wild Rose, his Bright Evening Star, or his Queen of the Night, he does not appear to be kind to her. (21)

We have heard it said that in some of his wild moments, he will even throw her on the ground and beat her. (139 words)

fafu mns theve izdlk tN,u nt ndn vtW fes bll no.afuy ag wnu llmo abm nta elvt dc/
th- atfi btod wrstd, sho lf.tndn s tal aSa.esnc- tdslk wk ae tqv vnt hv wk ouvdos
sft nl fwmn.swf los pnm ash mS alto ema klh swil rz sbri eve S ors qn vtvi edsn ap
tbki toh.wvh/ tsd ta nso vswil mo-- elvn troh ot grw abeh.

Punctuation

(21) Use the comma between members of a series of nouns, adjectives, or adverbs that are co-ordinate in construction, equal in value, and not connected by conjunctions. (Ex. Men's, youths', and boys' shoes. Red, white, and blue flags. Our government is of the people, by the people, and for the people.)

(Note: The comma is sometimes omitted between the last two members of a series when the conjunction AND is used, but the safer practice is to insert it.)

(Note: Capitalize nouns and adjectives of language or race. Ex. French, German, Chinese, Hindoo.)

LESSON TWENTY-SEVEN

act.....ak	bound.....bw	ease,-y....ez	march.....mc	skins....skns
age.....aj	clothes.....klz	either.....E	music.....msk	song.....sg
animal.....aml	coat.....ko	finish....fnZ	quite.....qi	store.....S
art.....a/	decline.....dcn	graphic...Gk	rise.....rz	told.....to
board.....b/	description.dskpj	hang.....hg	seem.....sm	toward.....t/

Principles

- 73 Write / to express final WARD. (backward, bk/ : forward, f/ : reward, r/)
- 74 Write G to express initial, medial, and final GRAPH, EGRAPH, IGRAPH, OGRAPH, and also GRAM. (graphic, Gk : telegraph, tlg : telegraphic, tlgk : telegrapher, tlgR : photograph, ftG : grammar, Gr : program, pG)

Sentences

- The men never decline to make their own clothes. They hang the skins of animals up on a board to dry, after which they make some very fine coats from them.
- It is not an easy thing in a twenty-minute talk to finish giving you a graphic description of Indian art.
- In the music store one finds the Indian's song of the dance, the march, and the fight.
- Through all this music one seems to be able to feel the very thought that is bound to make these men act as one, either in the fight, or in the dance of death.

It is safe to say that in another age the Indian will rise quite as high as any other people in the art of picture writing.

He did this work on a stick or a tree, and began by showing a dog or some other animal in the act of going toward something.

In all cases the picture told a story that could be read by those knowing the signs.
(172 words)

lmm nwdcn lmk Iron kelz. Lyhq lskns vamls poab /
ldri afwc lymk soufi kos fntm. lsn aeftg na 20 mn
lak lfnz giw alk dskpj v nidn aj. ntmsh Soufist
ndns sq vtdc / lmc atfi. lul thmsk onsmns lbab lfl
lwt lasbw lmk lymn akason Entfi ornt dc / vdth.
lssf lsa la na O aj lndn lcz gi shis n. Opp nta / vpkw
riq. edd thwk oastk oratre abq b zo adq orso O aml
ntak vq l / sq. nlkass lpkw loab, lakdb rd btos no lsins

LESSON TWENTY-EIGHT

able.....ab	cost.....k,	mouth.....mw	shoes.....Zz	strange.....Sj
break.....brk	dinner.....Dn	nor.....nr	sir.....sr	travel.....tv1
brown.....bw	enter.....N	office.....ofs	snow.....sno	trip.....trp
charge.....cg	held.....hl	ring.....rg	sold.....sol	wear.....wa
corner.....Kn	important...ip	seat.....set	stood.....std	worth.....wrt

Principles

75 Write i to express initial and medial IM. (impart, ip/ : improve, ipv : unimportant, uip : immodest, id, : immortal, i/l)

Sentences

At great cost to us, we had left important work at our office in order to visit this strange Indian country.

As we stood there at the mouth of the river, just at the break of day, we knew our trip had been worth while.

My friend had been able to purchase a ring and some snowshoes, and I had found a brown coat just the right size for me.

On the march and in the hunt the Indian likes to wear snowshoes, for he can travel very fast in them.

When we held up a picture of a young Indian in the act of trying to corner his dog, the Indian said, "Sir, no sell." (22)

Nor would they sell a picture of a dog about to charge a wild animal, even though we would have been glad to pay seven or eight times what it was worth.

While we did enter the homes of the Indians, they did not ask us to have a seat at their dinner table; but they did ask us to come again. (178 words)

atgr k, tous whlf ip wk atrofs n0r tvst thSj ndn K.as wstd tr att mw vtRv j,at tbrk
 vd wnu rtrp hb wrt wl.mifr hbab tpcs arg aso snoZz aihfw abw ko j,t risz fme.otmc
 ant h- tndn lks twa snoZz fek tvl vf, ntm.wnwhl p apku vayg ndn ntak vtri tKn sdg
 tndn sd sr nosl.nr d tysl apku vadg ab tcg awil aml vntho wdvb gl tpa 7or8 tis watz
 wrt.wl wdd N thos vt ndns tyddn sk us tvaset attr Dntab biydd skus tkag.

LESSON TWENTY-NINE

already.....lr	fruit.....fru	offer.....of	smile.....smi	unite.....uni
cool.....kl	game.....gm	question....q	spirit.....spi	wash.....wZ
cry.....kri	glass.....gl'	real,-ly...rl	thus.....tus	whose.....hz
dream.....drm	however...hvw	rule.....ru	touch.....tc	within.....wn
figure(fig).fg	lake.....lk	sky.....ski	trouble...trb	yes.....ys

Principles

76 Write f for the sound of initial, medial, and final FER and FOR. (forgive, fgi : unforgiving, ufgi : metaphor, mtf : fervid, fvd : conference, kfc/ : infer, nf)

Sentences

Yes, the question of a Great Spirit has already come to the Indians, and in their better pieces of art they try to picture their dream of what He really is.
(23-24)

The Great Spirit is to them what God is to us. But while they call Him a Great Spirit, they seem to think of Him more as the figure of a man of very large size.

They believe this Great Spirit rules over them, and to Him they take their troubles; and then we are told they offer Him some of their fruit and game.

They hear the voice of the Great Spirit in the cool wind, in the wash of the water on the rocks, and in the songs of the birds; and the cry of the wild animal tells them whose spirit lives within him.

They feel the touch of the Great Spirit in the beautiful flowers and in the bright sky. Thus they can unite in calling their lake, which lies there among the mountains like a sea of glass, "the smile of the Great Spirit." (180 words)

ys lq vagr spi aslr ktot ndns antr Bpca va/lytri
 lpkw lrdm vwa erls. lgrspi stotm wal stous bwl
 lykln agrspi lysm ltgvm mo astfq vam-volj sz.
 lyble lgrspi rus V lm atom lytk ltrbs atr wrto
 lyofm sov lr fru agm. lyhe lvy vtgrspi ntkel wi-nt

wz vt Wa otrkes ant sgs vtb // atkeru vtwil ambl lltm
 hz spi lus wnm. lyfl ltc vtgrspi ntbl flws ant bri
 ski. lus lykuni nkl lrlk wc listr mgtmts lkase
 vgl' lsmi vtgrspi.

Punctuation

(22) *A substantive used in direct address should be set off by a comma. (Ex. No, my son, it will not do.)*

(23) *The words YES and NO should invariably be followed by punctuation. (Ex. "Are you ready to go now?" "Yes, I am ready." "No, I shall not leave home today.")*

(24) *Names of the Deity should be capitalized, including the pronouns HE, HIS, and HIM, when they refer to God. (Ex. "God's in His heaven—all's right with the world." "Give unto Him the glory that is due unto His name." "For He is our God; and we are the people of His pasture, and the sheep of His hand.")*

LESSON THIRTY

(Note: The words introduced in Lessons Twenty-six, Twenty-seven, Twenty-eight, and Twenty-nine comprise the sixth hundred words of highest frequency in the English language.

The following words are derived from, or suggested by, the words found in the preceding lessons, and they are offered as a supplementary drill and review.)

artful.....a/f	fitful.....ftf	fruitful.....fruf	masterful.....mSf
breakable.....bkb	chargeable.....cgb	questionable....qb	wearable.....wab
unbreakable...ubkb	unquestionable.uqb	untold.....uto	unwed.....uwed
unfit.....uft	unseat.....uset	untouched.....utc	unworthy.....uwrt,
unheard.....uh/	unseemly.....usml	unwearable....uwab	unwoven.....uwv
downward.....dw/	eastward.....E/	northward.....N/	wayward.....wa/
earthward....eth/	homeward.....ho/	southward.....S/	westward.....W/
adjustment...ajs-	casement.....ks-	enlargement...nlj-	movement.....mv-
armament.....am-	enactment....nak-	entertainment.Ntn-	placement.....pl-
basement.....bs-	enjoyment....njoy-	measurement...mz/-	statement.....sta-
fundamental...f--l	monumental...mn-l	rudimental...rd-l	sentimental...s--l

SUMMARY OF PRINCIPLES—BOOK THREE

A for final

asm	spasm	spA
	chasm	kA
	pleonasm	plnA
	phantasm	f-A

(Capitalize vowel immediately preceding "sm" to indicate endings, "asm," "ism," "osm.")

Ag for initial, medial, and final

aggra	aggravate	Agva
aggre	aggregation	Aggj
	aggression	Agj
	aggressive	Agsv
agre	disagree	dsAg
	disagreement	dsAg-
agri	agriculture	Agkl

Al for initial and medial

alter	alternative	Alnv
	unalterable	uAlb
	alteration	Alj

dc for initial

decla	declare	dc
	declaim	dcm
decle	declension	dcj
decli	decline	dcn

D for initial

deter	determine	Dm
detri	detrimental	D-l

Dg for initial

degra	degrade	Dgd
degre	degree	Dg

SUMMARY OF PRINCIPLES—BOOK THREE

f for initial, medial, and final

fer	fervid	fvd
	conference	kfc/
	infer	nf
for	forgive	fgi
	unforgiving	ufgi
	metaphor	mtf

G for initial, medial and final

gram	grammar	Gr
	anagram	aG
	program	pG
egraph	telegraph	tIG
	telegrapher	tIGr
	telegraphic	tIGk
graph	graphology	GoI
	graphic	Gk
ograph	photograph	ftG

i for initial and medial

im	impart	ip/
	improve	ipv
	unimportant	uip
	immodest	id,
	immediate	id;
	immortal	i/l

I for final

ism	aphorism	afI
	journalism	jnlI
	realism	rlI
	socialism	soxI
	optimism	opmI

(Capitalize vowel immediately preceding "sm" to indicate endings, "asm," "ism," "osm.")

nc for initial

encli	enclitic	ncT
enclo	enclosure	ncz/
incle	inclement	nc-
incli	incline	ncn
	inclination	ncnj
inclu	include	ncd
	inclusive	ncsv

O for final

osm	bosom	bO
	microcosm	mkkO

(Capitalize vowel immediately preceding "sm" to indicate endings, "asm," "ism," "osm.")

Pa for initial and medial

pater	paternal	Panl
patri	patriot	Pat
	patriotic	PaT
	patriotism	PatI
	compatriot	kPat
	patron	Pan
patro	patronize	Panz

rc for initial

rcla	reclaim	rcm
	reclamation	rcmj
recli	recline	rcn
reclu	recluse	rcs

s for initial and medial

ser	service	svs
	serviceable	svsb
	ascertain	astn
	survey	sva

SUMMARY OF PRINCIPLES—BOOK THREE

/ (slant) for final

ward	backward	bk/
	forward	f/
	toward	t/
	upward	p/
	downward	dw/

T for final

atic	dogmatic	dgmT
	dramatic	dmT
	emphatic	mfT
etic	cosmetic	ksmT
	pathetic	ptT
	aesthetic	estT
itic	politics	plTs
	critic	krT
otic	chaotic	kT
utic	therapeutic	typT

z/ for

zure	seizure	sz/
	leisure	lz/
	treasure	tz/
	measure	mz/
	pleasure	pz/
	enclosure	ncz/

LESSON THIRTY-ONE

Christmas..Xms	electric...Elk	ice.....is	neighbor....Nb	service....svs
clean.....kln	farm.....fm	island....il-	party.....p/,	shore.....Zo
deal.....dl	gather.....Ga	kept.....kp	perhaps....pps	spread....spd
differ.....df	hall.....hal	middle....mdl	promise....pms	subway....swa
direct....drk	happen.....hp	moon.....mu	quiet.....qt	surprise...spz

Principles

- 77 Write s to express initial SUB. (subside, ssi : subsist, ss, : subdue, sdu)
- 78 Write El to express initial ELECTRI, ELECTRO. (electric, Elk : electrocute, Elku: electricity, Els; : electrician, Elj : electrify, Elf)

Sentences

Oh, the Christmas bells are ringing! (25) Let us have a quiet little party and surprise our neighbor on the farm.

There happens to be a full moon now, and we can gather on the middle shore road and cross over to the island on the ice.

Those who live in the City will find it a delightful change from the subway and electric trains.

We can spread the news direct to the different neighbors, and perhaps we can first have a meeting in the hall.

We will promise that the hall shall be kept clean and that the service shall deal only with the points already brought out. (108 words)

o t Xms bls r rg.ltus vaqt ll p/, aspz rNb ofm.trhps tb afu mu nw awk Ga ot mdl Zo
rd akr' V tot il- ot is.tos holv nts; lfit adlif cj fmt swa a Elk trns.wkspd tnz drk
totdf Nbs apps wkf,vame nthal.wlpms tat hal Zbkp kln atat svS Zdl nlwt pys lr broou.

(Note: In writing proper names it is advisable to write the first one more fully than is required when the same name is repeated. Ex. Brown, brwn, bw)

LINCOLN, TO A REGIMENT OF VOLUNTEERS

ihp tpyl tokpi th wihw.im alvg wt' taon vucil ma khe asmi Fas ci as.ts n0r taec on
vu mav tuth fre gv- wcwv ngy aop fel aafa cc/ fu ndS Npz aNj tau mav eq pvljs nt rs
vlf wl ts dsrb hmn aspjs.ts fth tSgl Zdb m-n. (83 words)

LESSON THIRTY-TWO

account....akt	fall.....fa	gentle.....j-l	neither.....Ne	spot.....spt
broke.....brk	feed.....fd	inquire,-y.nqi	opportunity.opt	storm.....Sm
command....k-	firm.....frm	lady.....ld,	prove.....pv	teacher.....Tc
correct...krk	fish.....fZ	market....mkt	season.....ssn	understand.Us-
duty.....dt,	gate.....ga	nature.....Na	sheep.....Zp	wise.....wz

Sentences

You see, the gentle little lady at the farm fell on the ice last week and nearly broke her leg.

She was found at the gate of the fish market one night in a heavy storm.

At first we could not account for her being there in that strange spot; neither could we understand the nature of her interest in those people.

At last it came to us that this was the Christmas season and that our great and wise Teacher had given the firm command, "Feed my sheep"; then we knew that she had taken this opportunity to do her duty and to be a true neighbor to those who were in need.

The next day our inquiries proved that we were, indeed, correct.

(125 words)

use 4-l ll td, attfm flotis l, wke anel brk hlg. Zzfw
 attga vtfz mkt onni nahv Sm. atf, whdn akt fhbtr
 nta Sjst Nekdw Us-Una vhn, ntosp. atl, ktous
 lath zt Xms ssn atar grawz Jc hgit frm k-fd miff.
 Unwnu la zhtk thopt ldo hdt, atb atu Nb lotos how
 nne. Unxd rngis pr laww ndd krk.

HOW HENRY P. DAVISON WAS NOTIFIED OF HIS ELECTION TO THE
 GREAT INTERNATIONAL BANKING FIRM OF J. P. MORGAN

douno ts p; ne tf, vjn??ys thst mdl vnv..ru rd,??rd, fwa??fwa?do- uno taiw- u tk ajy
 mifrm tf, vjn??unv sd n,g abt bf..itt unu mi attu nuwa itt vu..M mgn vuv fa fmt l8
 flo vabldg??no..l invv bf atl tkme amn2 tkc mi brt.

LESSON THIRTY-THREE

allow.....alw	continue....Ku	force.....fs	Mr.....M	square.....sq
baby.....bb,	court (ct)..k/	forget.....fgt	note.....nt	strike.....Si
bill.....bl	daughter...Da	government..gv-	perfect....pfk	suit.....su
cloud.....klw	except.....xep	lesson.....lsn	proud.....pw	teach.....tc
common.....kn	fellow.....flo	magnificent.Mgf	slow.....slo	thick.....tk

Principles

- 79 Write x to express the sound of AKS, EX, and OX. (exact, xk : excel, xl : accept, xep : exist, x, : oxidize, xdz : oxygen, xjn : accident, xd-)
- 80 Write Ig to express initial IGNE, IGNI, and IGNO. (igneous, Igx : ignite, Igt : ignore, Ig)
- 81 Write Mg to express initial MAGNA, MAGNE, MAGNI. (magnanimous, Mgn : magneto, Mgto : magnificent, Mgf)
- 82 Write Sg to express SIGNA, SIGNE, and SIGNI. (signal, Sgl : signet, Sgt : signify, Sgf)

Sentences

We sent a note to Mr. Brown, and he said that since the strike the common people did not continue to buy so much fish as before, for he could not allow them to run up a bill. (26)

He also said that his baby daughter had been in need of a thick coat, his wife a hat, and he a suit of clothes.

He told us that he was too proud to ask for help; that the lady's magnificent present came as a perfect surprise to him; and that it would teach him a lesson he would never forget.

We asked Mr. Brown to tell us more about the strike, and he said that he thought the fellows did not understand the meaning of the cloud that hung over them.

He seemed to think the government would be slow in trying to force the men to work, and that the court would not act except to see that every man had a square deal.

(164 words)

ws- ant to M brwn aed tasc/ tSi tknpp ddn Ku tb somc fZ asbf fekdn alw tm trnp abl.
 also sd tas bb, Da hb nne va tk ko swf aht ae asu vklz.eto us taez topw tsk fhp tat
 ld,, Mgf ps- k asa pfk spz tom ata td tcm alsn ednv fgt.wsk M bw ttlus mo abt Si ae
 sd tae tt tflos ddn Us- tme vtklw tahg V tm.esm ttq tgv- db slo ntri tfs tmn twk ata
 tk/ dnak xep tse ta evm- ha sqdl.

Punctuation

(25) *Use the exclamation point after a sentence, a virtual sentence, or an interjection, to indicate surprise, emotion, or emphasis. (Ex. Such demands are inhuman! Corn! There'll be no corn! Ah! I see you! Use the exclamation point judiciously!)*

(26) *Mr., Mrs., and Messrs. are abbreviations, and must be followed by a period.*

LESSON THIRTY-FOUR

belong.....blg	count.....kt	mighty.....mi,	seed.....se	suppose....spz
born.....bn	darkness...dk'	page (pg)...pj	satisfy....sat	tear.....te
chance.....cc/	divide.....dvi	pleasure...pz/	shed.....Zd	tire.....ti
chief.....cf	forth.....ft	prince.....pc/	shine.....Zi	wonder.....W-
counsel....ksl	lose.....lz	salt.....slt	shoulder...Zdr	wrong.....rg

Principle

83 Write an apostrophe (') to express final NESS. (bigness, bg' : fairness, fa' : happiness, hp' : nearness, ne' : greatness, gr')

Sentences

At the meeting tonight I suppose the whole sad story will be told, and I can only wonder how many we can count on to shed a tear for the wrongs that have been done these men.

We never tire of hearing the old story about the good seed that brought forth fruit after its kind; and how the truth does shine in the darkness, even though we see it not.

It should be a pleasure and satisfaction to lose sight of self; and if we do that, we shall divide the bill on this page among us, giving to each what belongs to him.

Then we can say in a true Christmas spirit, "Unto us a child is born, unto us a son is given; and the government shall be upon his shoulder; and his name shall be called Wonderful, Counsellor, The mighty God, The everlasting Father, The Prince of Peace."
(150 words)

att me lon ispz ihl sd S, lbto aiknl W- hwm
 wkkto Ufdate ftrgs laubdn lymn. wnw li vhe told,
 abt gse labro ft fru aftski ahw utu ds zi ntdk'vntko
 wset n. Ufdb apz/ a sat Ulsi vs/ aifwdota wz dvi
 lbl othpj mgus gi loec wablgs lom. In wkse natu
 Xmsspi utous aci sbn utous asnsqi atgv- zb pns zdr
 asna zbkkl Wf Ksl lmi. G levl, Ja Upc/vpc.

READING EXERCISE

ds upm, tpa u Elk li bl bf tmdl vthmo awr spz tauvn dnt.uvkp us wag f V 3mo awm,
 nw drk uatj totfk ta usvs lb dsKu o mn vnwk iftbl Kus upa.vtu

LESSON THIRTY-FIVE

(Note: The words introduced in Lessons Thirty-one, Thirty-two, Thirty-three, and Thirty-four comprise the seventh hundred words of highest frequency in the English language.)

The following words are derived from, or suggested by, the words found in the preceding lessons, and they are offered as a supplementary drill and review.)

broker.....Brk	dealer.....Dl	loser.....Lz	striker.....Sir
cleaner.....Kln	director.....Drk	mightier.....Mi,	slower.....Slo
commander.....K-	farmer.....Fm	prouder.....Pw	suitor.....Su
commoner.....Kn	feeder.....Fd	quieter.....Qt	thicker.....Tk
darker.....Dk	firmer.....Frm	sadder.....Sd	wiser.....Wz
acceptable...xepb	forcible.....fsb	seasonable...ssnb	teachable.....tcb
accountable...aktb	forgettable....fgtb	serviceable...svsb	washable.....wZb
dutiable.....dtb	marketable....mktb	suitable.....sub	workable.....wkb
dutifully.....dtf	forceful,-ly...fsf	forgetful....fgtf	tearful.....tef
incorrect....nkrk	inexact.....nxk	uncounted....uktd	unsuitable...usub
indifferent...ndf	infirm.....nfrm	undivided....udvi	unteachable...utcb
indirect....ndrk	unaccountable.uaktb	unkept.....ukp	untruth.....utu
indivisible..ndvsb	unclean.....ukln	unquiet.....uqt	unwise.....uwz

badness.....bd'	evenness.....vn'	greenness.....grn'	meanness.....me'
bigness.....bg'	fairness.....fa'	happiness.....hp'	minuteness.....mn'
blackness.....bl'	fineness.....fi'	hardness.....h/'	nearness.....ne'
brightness.....bi'	firmness.....fm'	heaviness.....hv'	newness.....nu'
clearness.....kle'	gentleness.....j-l'	justness.....js'	oneness.....on'
closeness.....kls'	gladness.....gl'	kindness.....ki'	plainness.....pln'
coldness.....kl'	goodness.....g'	largeness.....lj'	prettiness.....p;'
deepness.....dp'	greatness.....gr'	lateness.....la'	quickness.....q'
quietness.....qt'	sleepiness.....slp'	strangeness....Sj'	touchiness.....tc'
readiness.....rd'	softness.....sf'	sureness.....su'	weakness.....wk'
redness.....rd'	soundness.....sw'	sweetness.....swe'	whiteness.....wi'
richness.....rc'	stillness.....stl'	tenderness.....T-'	wholeness.....hl'

The Serpent and the Man

aci zatpla nafel atbk vsFas hw a bcc/ trd pn asnk wc tn rw abtm.tci di vtbi atFa
 am ablo attsnk aktof apc vstal.t snk gn shl atnxd tm-k ala att mw vthl so hn, ml a
 slt a ma ofs vpc tq tnts tsnk ft a kl m.two- do h, out snk.slgs im' mital au uci tr
 kb no gwl btus.

LESSON THIRTY-SIX

afternoon..afn	chair.....ca	equal.....eq	industry...ndS	rush.....rZ
army.....am,	check.....ck	expect.....xpk	join.....jy	settle.....stl
arrive.....rv	doubt.....dw	French.....Fr	labor.....Lab	single.....sgl
battle....btl	else.....ls	honor.....On	nation.....nj	soil.....syl
branch....brc	England....Eg	immediate..id;	prepare...ppa	sudden....sdn

Principle

84 Write a semicolon (;) to indicate final ATE (when it is a separate syllable), EATE, IATE, OATE, UATE. (passionate, pj; : numerate, Nm; : roseate, rz; : palliate, pl; : inchoate, nk; : actuate, ak; : operate, op;)

Sentences

The Nation had called, and there was no doubt in my own mind that I was in honor bound to join the army, and that at once.

I had felt for some time that there was nothing else for us to do; but I did not expect so sudden a call, and therefore, I was not prepared for the immediate labor before me.

We were told that they were going to rush an army to England and to have the men trained there by those who had been in the heat of battle.

This would give us an equal show with the men of other nations beside whom we were to fight as soon as we should arrive on French soil.

As I sat there in my chair that afternoon, I could not seem to settle upon any branch of the service I wished to enter. (146 words)

tnj hkl atrz nodw nmi onmi- taiz nOnbw tjy tam, ata atc/.ihflt fsti tatz nglS fus tdo biddn xpk sosdn akl atrf izn ppa ft id; Lab bfme.wwto taty wg trZ aam, to Eg a tvt mn tr- tr b tos hohb nthe vbtL.thd gius aeqZo wtmn vOnjs bsihm ww tfi ssns wZd rv oFr syl.as isttr nmi ca ta afn ikdn sm tstl pnn, brc v tsvs iwZ tN.

READING EXERCISE

mdfr ifatl kvn- fu iZd pZ;t vmc ifud rj tsp- atle, aQ/ var wme tom sota wma dfnl dsi ot P/ pln wZus ft pb skl bldg.th Ma m, nb dla Lgn nec ks t jjs lme nxwk aww- evg tbn rd' ftm attati.su (80 words)

ds wvfwf nec tsku ksl tppa f id; akj nt rdo ndS.ixpk tat su ma Ku nk/ fsoti bi fl kfd- ta trsno wk' nrkla.awn tkas asb stl wm, ppa farZ vbs.ivh asdn kl to Eg awn irv tr ixpk tckp ot pvljs wvgr- tot Fr brc amk tm eq nevwa tofos wvxt- to OKs.th mes tal pvxrij-- lb dSy aheaf wl kfm tot nust-//.pl kp ntc wme.vtu (127 words)

LESSON THIRTY-SEVEN

appreciate..pZ;	destroy...dSy	narrow....nro	path.....pth	quarter.....Q/
convenient.kvn-	gentlemen..j-m	necessary..nec	possible...psb	rather.....Ra
decide.....dsi	indicate..ndka	pack.....pk	privilege.pvlj	simple.....smp
definite....dfn	judge.....jj	pair (pr)...pa	public.....pb	spend.....sp-
delay.....dla	least.....le,	particular..P/	pull.....pu	win.....wn

Sentences

For the next quarter of an hour or more I tried to pull myself together and to decide on some definite line to follow.

Just before noon that day a gentleman friend of mine had come in and brought me a pair of field glasses, and asked me to pack my bag and spend a week with him down in the country studying particular kinds of birds.

This would have been rather an easy and convenient way to wait and let time decide the matter for me, but I would have none of it.

I judge that I must have sat there more than an hour looking for some simple sign that would indicate the narrow path necessary to take for the public good.

I could appreciate that there must be the least possible delay, for to wait would only help destroy our chances to win. (147 words)

ftux 2/ var ormo itri Upu mus / loq a ldsi oso dfrli lfo.
 j; bfrn lad aj-m fromi hkn abrome apav fel gl"
 askme Upk mibq asp-awke wim dwnt K std, P/kis
 vb // Uhdvb Raaz akon-wa lwa altti dsit Mafme
 bidv nnot. ijj laum vsttr monar tofsosmp sin lad
 ndka luro pth nec Utk ftpbq. ited p z) la Urin, v lle,
 psv dla f lwa dnl hp dSy rcc // lwn

LESSON THIRTY-EIGHT

attend.....at-	building..bldg	decision...dsj	loud.....lw	price.....ps
band.....b-	busy.....bz	desire.....dsr	manner.....Mn	shape.....Zp
blood.....bld	class.....kl'	hide.....hi	opinion...opn	signify.....Sgf
bone.....bn	cup.....kp	instead...nsd	organize...og	suffer.....sf
bow.....bw	dare.....da	list.....l,	pound.....pw	value (val).vlu

Sentences

I made a list of those lines in which, in my opinion, I could best serve my country, and first in line was music.

I loved music dearly, and I had been given much training in that line.

Even as a boy I would hide in the old gray mill and spend hours playing on the bones.

My mother used to hunt me up and tell me that instead of doing this I must attend to my class work.

I could not bear to see my mother suffer; so I would bow to her wish and busy myself with a lot of work I saw no value in.

It seemed to be born in my blood to love band music; and the call was so loud and strong that I felt that I could meet it in only one way.

I had no desire to hide behind my love for music to keep me from drinking the cup that others must drink, and of paying the price, pound for pound, that others must pay.

In no way, shape, nor manner did I wish to do this; and yet I did not quite dare to go out of that building and signify my decision to enter the band organization.
(208 words)

ima al, vtos lis nwc nmi opn ikdb, sv miK af, nli zmsk.ilvd msk del aihbgi mc trn
ntali.vn asaby idhi ntol gra ml asp- rs pla ot bns.miMo us th- mep atlme ta nsdv
do th im, at- tomi kl'wk.ikdn ba tse miMo sf soid bwtoh wZ abz mis/ walt vwk isa
novlu n.tsm tb bn nmi bld tlv b-msk atkl zsolw aS ta iflt taikd met nnl onwa.ihno
dsr thi bh milv fmsk tkpme fm dq tkp ta0s m, dq avpa tps pwfpu ta0s m,pa.nnowa Zp
nrMn dd iwZ tdoth ayt iddn qida tgou vta bldg aSgf mi dsj tN tb- ogj.

LESSON THIRTY-NINE

contain....ktn	edge.....ej	meat.....me	surround....srw	valley....vl
cook.....kk	grace....grs	sick.....sk	thee.....te	view.....vu
delight...dli	guess.....g'	soul.....sol	themselves.tms/	wave.....wv
distance..dsc/	heaven....hv	strength.....S	thou.....tw	whether.....W
drill.....drl	lord.....l/	sufficient.sfj/	transport...Tp/	yard.....y/

Principles

- 85 Write T to express initial TRANS. (transgress, Tg' : transpire, Tpi : transfer, Tf : transact, Tak)
- 86 Write j/ to express the final sound of CIENCE, CIENCY, CIENT, TIENCE, TIENT, GENGE, GENCY. (omniscience, omj/ : deficiency, dfj/ : sufficient, sfj/ : transient, Tj/ : patience, pj/ : allegiance, alj/ : agency, aj/)

Sentences

That night I went across the yard to see a sick friend who had only that day arrived on the transport from England.

I guess you will understand my delight when he told me that, next to a good cook, a good band did more than anything else to keep up the spirits of the men.

He said that nine out of ten men would cover more distance to music, whether in the march or the drill, than they would without it.

And if they were called upon to go down into the valley where great waves of fear would surround them, even to the edge of the hereafter, music would give them strength of soul as nothing else would.

Then they could raise their eyes to heaven and say, "Thou, O Lord, art my resting place; in Thee do I trust, for Thy grace is sufficient for me."

I was very glad and thankful for his point of view, for it contained the meat of my own thought in the matter. (173 words)

lani iu-ker'ly / lse askfr kohul lad rv ot fp / fm
 Eq. iq'ul Us-midli wne lome lanx loagtek agb-
 ddmov n, gls lkepp lispis vtmm. esdta 9ouw 10mn
 dku mo dsc / lomsk Wnt me ortdel n lyd wwt. aif
 lywklpn lgdw nttol wrgr wvs vfe dsrw lm vn lotej
 vttheaf msk dgitm Svsol asngls d. ln lykediz tris tohv
 asa lw ol / a / mirsgpl n le doitr. f ligrs sspj / fme. izvgl
 atgl fs pyvu ftket- lme vmion lt nt Ma.

LESSON FORTY

(Note: The words introduced in Lessons Thirty-six, Thirty-seven, Thirty-eight, and Thirty-nine comprise the eighth hundred words of highest frequency in the English language.

The following words are derived from, or suggested by, the words found in the preceding lessons, and they are offered as a supplementary drill and review.)

busily.....bzl	firmly.....fml	necessarily...necl	safely.....sfl
chiefly.....cfl	gentlemanly...j-m1	perfectly....pfl	sickly.....skl
commonly.....knl	heavenly.....hvl	publicly.....pbl	squarely.....sql
correctly....krkl	loudly.....lwl	quarterly.....Q/l	suddenly.....sdnl
directly.....drkl	mightily.....mil	quietly.....qtl	sufficiently.sfj/l
acceptation...xptj	decision.....dsj	expectation...xpkj	presentation..ps-j
causation....ksj	direction....drkj	formation....fmj	publication...pbj
coloration...Klj	duration.....duj	foundation....fwj	supposition...spsj
commendation..k-j	equalization..eqzj	perfection...pflkj	valuation....vluj
continuation...Kuj	exception....xepj	preparation...ppaj	visitation....vstj
preparedness..ppa'	suddenness....sdn'	narrowness....nro'	grayness.....gra'
honorable.....Onb	destructible..dSkb	desirable....dsrb	valuable.....vlb

SUMMARY OF PRINCIPLES—BOOK FOUR

' (aspostrophe) for final

ness	lateness	la'
	fierceness	fs'
	fearfulness	fef'

El for initial

electri	electric	Elk
	electrical	ElK
	electricity	Els;
	electrify	Elf
	electrification	Elf/
	electrician	Elj
electro	electrocute	Elku
	electrocution	Elkj
	electron	Eln

Ig for initial

igne	igneous	Igx
igni	ignite	Igt
igno	ignore	Ig
	ignorant	Ig-
	ignorance	Igc/

j/ for final

ciencia	omniscience	omj/
ciency	deficiency	dfj/
	proficiency	pfj/
cient	sufficient	sfj/
sient	transient	Tj/
tience	patience	pj/
tient	patient	pj/
	patients	pj//
gence	allegiance	alj/
gency	agency	aj/

Mg for initial

magna	magnanimous	Mgn
-------	-------------	-----

SUMMARY OF PRINCIPLES—BOOK FOUR

magne	magnet	Mgt
	magneto	Mgto
magni	magnificent	Mgf
	magnitude	Mgtu

s for initial

sub	subside	ssi
	subway	swa
	subsist	ss,
	subdivide	sdvi
	sublime	slim
	suburb	sb
	subvention	svj
	subtract	strk

Sg for initial

signa	signal	Sgl
	signature	Sgu
signe	signet	Sgt
signi	signify	Sgf

; (semicolon) for final

ate (when it is a separate syllable)

	passionate	pj;
	numerate	Nm;
	adequate	aq;
	nominate	nm;
	inveterate	nvt;
	invigorate	nvg;
	inaccurate	nak;
	manipulate	mnp;
	discriminate	dskm;
eate	roseate	rz;
iate	palliate	pl;
oate	inchoate	nk;
uate	actuate	ak;

SUMMARY OF PRINCIPLES—BOOK FOUR

T for initial

trans	transform	Tfm
	transfer	Tf
	transgress	Tg'
	transpire	Tpi
	transportation	Tp/j
	Transatlantic	TatN

x for sound of

aks	accident	xd-
	accept	xep
ex	exact	xk
	excel	xl
	execute	xku
	example	xmp
ox	oxidize	xdz
	oxygen	xjn

LESSON FORTY-ONE

basket....bskt	butter.....B	express....xp	officer....Ofs	sugarSg
bottom....btm	captain....cap	farmer.....Fm	purpose....pps	supply....spi
broad.....brd	career....kre	mount.....mw	recognize..rkz	tongue....tng
brook.....brk	coast.....k,	musical...msK	station....stj	uncle.....uql
built.....blt	decision...dsj	narrow.....nro	stream.....Sm	wheel.....wel

Principle

87 Write K to express final ACLE, ECKLE, ICAL, ICLE, UCKLE. (tabernacle, tbnK : speckle, spK : physical, fsK : particle, p/K : buckle, bK)

Sentences

As soon as I made my decision to continue my musical career, I went at once to the station to express my purpose.

To my complete surprise, the officer in charge was a captain whom I recognized as a farmer boy I had known in earlier years.

As boys together we used to mount our wheels and ride out twelve miles along the coast to the home of my uncle.

He had built us a boat, and into the bottom of that we would put a basket, containing a supply of bread and butter, nice cold tongue, and sugar cake.

Then we would row across the bay, and up Broad Brook, which was broad in name only,
for it was really but a narrow stream. (125 words)

ssns ima midsj tKu mi msK kre iw- atc/ tot stj txp mipps.tomi kpe spz tOfs ncg zacap
hm irkz asa Fmby ihno nElys.asbys tog wus tmw rwels ard ou l2 mi lg tk, tot ho vmi
uql.eh bltus abo antt btm vta wdp abskt ktn a spi vbrd aB ns kl tng aSg kk.tn wdoro
kr' tba ap brd brk wcz brd nna nl ftzrl ba nro Sm.

READING EXERCISE

ds ongtm dsvs a0.iddu ontod aimsu ulrspka ssns unoabt..asiN terdp/- thmng ints otdsk
vtcrm- svakts wc ezab ts- tot kkjdp/- v klk su a sk/ Mfrs ptkv sZj.se uakt mgtm irmk
thl nvdo.trm,b somsk abth.M'' blqablq r aksm tpa trbls.hl taakt ut iri tfrm apsnl L.
ik- ks- tv vn asspj vurlb; k, pn soja Ksm. nw tau no mi attu itr, ullo atthL nt spi
nwc tsrtn aspi vbs frZ aptkj..uVdu akt amts to \$750.ine thmn, atc/.lun dou utmo,
as-me ack brtnml?bso do ulpv mi ktj tami Ksms rmi b,frs.ut (194 words)

LESSON FORTY-TWO

afraid.....fra	choose.....cz	gift.....gf	lunch.....lc	rapid.....rpd
beach.....bc	doctor.....dr	grant.....gr-	Mrs.....mrs	sand.....s-
car.....ka	extreme.....Xm	hurt.....h/	neck.....nk	telegraph..tlG
careful....kaf	fact.....fk	husband...hsb-	notice.....nts	thin.....tn
catch.....kc	finger.....Fg	include....ncd	post.....p,	waste.....w,

Principle

88 Write X to express initial EXTER, EXTIR, EXTRA, EXTRE, EXTRI, EXTRU. (exterior, Xr : extirpate, Xpa : extradite, Xdi : extreme, Xm : extricate, Xka : extrude, Xd : extraneous, Xx : extraordinary, Xy)

Sentences

When the water was still, we would catch a basket of fish, cook them in the sand on the beach, and include them in our lunch.

Mrs. Grant used to own the large farm on the banks of this stream.

Her husband was a doctor. One day when they were out in their car, he ran into a telegraph pole and hurt his neck.

When they picked up Mrs. Grant, they were afraid she had broken her finger, but she took no notice of it, and very soon the finger was all right.

The doctor, however, was ill for a long time. He grew extremely thin; in fact, he seemed to be wasting away.

Every time we went to call on Mrs. Grant, we were careful to choose the very best fish from our basket, and take them to her husband for a gift. (144 words)

wnt Wa zstl wdke abskt vff tek lm nts-otbc and
 lm nr lc. mrs gr-us lon llj fm otbqs vthsm. khsb-
 zadr. ond wn lywou ntrka ern nt atll pol ah/snk.
 wnty pfp mrs gr-lywfra f hbrkh Jg vftk nonts
 vt avsn lJg zlr. ldr hww zil falgti. egru Xml ln
 nfk esm lbw, awa. evti ww- lkl o mrs gr-wwkaf
 lcz lwb, ff fm bskt atktm lohhsb-fagf.

LESSON FORTY-THREE

beast.....b,	entire.....nti	forward.....f/	jump.....jmp	taste.....ta,
cloth.....klt	extend.....xt-	golden....goln	prince.....pc/	tie.....ti
cow.....kw	fat.....ft	gracious...gx	pure.....pu	usual,-ly...x
declare....dc	favor.....fv	grain.....gan	smoke.....smk	wheat.....we
emphatic...mfT	fence.....fc/	height.....hi	tall.....tl	yesterday..ySd

Principle

89 Write m to express initial and medial EM, UM. (emphasize, mfsz : emphatic, mfT : umpire, mpi : unemployed, umpy)

Sentences

As I stood there before the Captain, it seemed but yesterday that we used to look forward to our usual visits to the farm.

After the important business was over, we sat down to smoke and talk over old times.

The Captain was very tall, and looked like a prince. But at the moment he seemed to me to be just the height of the golden grain, along by the side of which we used to race with pure joy to find the cow for Mrs. Grant.

We were inclined to give up our entire time to the service of Mrs. Grant; and when we stood before her, cloth cap in hand, we looked upon any service for her as a gracious favor extended to us.

The cow used to jump over the fence to get a taste of wheat, and she became very fat.

Mrs. Grant used to declare emphatically that she would have to tie up the beast.
(160 words)

as istd tr bft cap tsm bySd tawus tlof/ tor x vsts totfm.aft ipbs z V wst dw tsmk
atak V oltis.tcap zvtl alo lkapc/.b att mo- esm tome tbj, thi vtgoln gan lg btsi
vwc wus trs wpujy tfi tkw f mrs gr-.ww nc- tgip rntiti tot svv v mrs gr- awn wstd
bfh klt kp nh- wlo pnn, svv fh asa gx fv xt- tous.tkw us tjmp V tfc/ tgt ata, vwe
aZbk vft.mrs gr- us tdc mfTl ta Zdv ttip tb,.

READING EXERCISE

ds..ruon vtm NY bsmn hod lk tsp- afud or amo ntK b hz N,, dm- uatj dl nts;?t htl Gtn
nt WcS hls mdwa bt tsenk hdsn alg il- sw ofsu amo, nvi ho.28 mns to gr- S-1 tml th/
vt Zpg aTe S-..t Gtn sa Mepl htl vt hi, kl' wlt kf// alxy ta th ipis.ts kli-l skpz
nl vpp vqt ta, arfi-.thtls v mrZ dsin at wd pzas nClgt r Ll mgt tre tps.ts ot Am pln
at ras rl'n tk, veq akdjs ntw.sgl rm ab/ 2ld pwk a p/ lj rm apva bth wb/ f 2pp 50d
pwk a p/.egs mlk a pltr, frZ dl fm ron fm..axl-glf krs 8 vt b, tns k// n WcS kt, aSg
vfi sdl hss g rds f Mog a drig r of tos tohm lf ntop as adrk apl..hopg tb fv wu Ksj
asuu ta Zdu atn,ti dsi tmk us avst ev dtl ptn to ukf/ Zv rpm ak/x atj wr vru

LESSON FORTY-FOUR

ambitious.mbx	enemy.....nm,	nest.....n,	press.....p'	silk.....slk
America,-n.Am	goodby.....gb	nose.....nz	qualification.qf/	struck....Sk
beauty...bt,	increase..nke	oak.....ok	recommend....rk-	subject...sj
bless....bl'	listen....lsn	paradise...Pdi	require.....rqi	unusual...ux
clock....klk	load.....lo	photograph..ftG	separate.....sp;	wing.....wg

Principles

- 90 Write P to express initial and medial PARA, PERI, PIRA. (paradise, Pdi : paramount, Pmw : comparative, kPv : period, Pd : pirate, Pt)
- 91 Write f/ to express final FICATION. (classification, klsf/ : identification, id-f/ : specification, spsf/ : verification, vf/)

TO THE STUDENT

When you are timing your speed on these sentences, if some combination of letters seems rather difficult to you, or seems to slow down your speed, take that phrase out to one side until you are thoroughly familiar with it, and practice it until it no longer is an enemy to your speed, but is a friend that will work for you. Use everything you learn to-day.

Sentences

Years had passed since either of us had visited the place; yet as the subject was brought up, we looked back on that old farm as a boyhood paradise.

The Captain was going to enter the air service in the American army; and he said they would require more ambitious men, men whom they could recommend to make photographs of the enemy.

He tried to impress upon me my unusual qualifications for that branch of the service; and in order to increase my interest, he even showed me the wings of the aeroplane made of silk.

But he seemed glad when I told him that I wished to enter the band, because I thought I could bring more beauty and peace into the lives of the men, and bless them more in that way than in any other.

When the clock struck the hour, I found it very hard to kiss my mother goodbye and separate myself from the home nest.

Even my old dog put his nose between my knees, and beat the oak floor with his tail, as much as to say that he would be glad to go with me to carry part of my load.

(199 words)

ys hp, sc/ Evus hvst lpl yt ast sj zbrof wlo bk otaol
 fm asa byhd Pdi. lcap zq LN lar sus nt Am am,
 aed lyd rge mo mbx mn mn hm lykd rke -
 lmk ft Gs vtmm, etri lip' pnmie mi ux gf // fta
 bre vtsvs an Or luke mi N, evn zome lugs vt
 arpln mav slk. besm gl wn itom lauwz LN lb-
 ks itt ikedbr mobt, apc ntt lus vtmm abl' lmmo
 ntawa nnn, O. wnt kkk Skt r ifwt vhl / lk'
 mi Mo gl asp, mis / fmtho n, .vn miol dq psnz
 bt mi nes abc lokflo wstal smcs lsa laed bgl lgwme
 lky p/v milo.

LESSON FORTY-FIVE

(Note: The words included in Lessons Forty-one, Forty-two, Forty-three, and Forty-four comprise the ninth hundred words of highest frequency in the English language.)

The following words are derived from, or suggested by, the words found in the last four lessons, and they are offered as a supplementary drill and review.)

Americanization .Amzj	expiration....xpij	importation...ip/j	separation.....spj
caption.....kpij	expression....xpij	realization...rlzj	specialization.spxj
completion.....kpej	extension.....xtj	requisition...rqsj	subjection.....sjj
beastliness....bsl'	completeness..kpe'	illness.....il'	saltiness.....slt'
broadness.....brd'	fatness.....ft'	niceness.....ns'	tallness.....tl'
carefulness....kaf'	forwardness...f/'	pureness.....pu'	thinness.....tn'
gainful.....gnf	hurtful.....h/f	purposeful....ppsf	tastefully.....tsf
extendable.....xt-b	favorable.....fvb	formidable....fmdb	noticeable....ntsb
entail.....ntl	ingrained....nga-	unclothed....uklt	unmount.....umw
incomplete.....nkpe	inquire.....nqi	unexpressed...uxp	unnoticed.....unt,
indecision.....nds	unafraid.....ufra	unhurt.....uh/	unreal.....url
inexpressibly...nxpb	unblessed....ubl,	unload.....ulo	untie.....uti
informer.....nFm	unbroken.....ubr	unmove.....umv	unusual.....ux

LESSON FORTY-SIX

article....a/K	classification.klsf/	exchange....xcj	natural...Nal	serious.syx
attention...atj	condition.....kdj	France.....Fr	newspaper.nzP	stock...stk
breakfast..bkf,	discover.....dsKv	hurry.....hy	regard....rg/	trade...tra
bridge.....brj	domestic.....dmS	information.nfj	report....rp/	U. S....US
circumstance.C,	escape.....skap	member.....Mb	seize.....sz	village.vlj

Principles

- 92 Write C to express initial CIRC, CIRCU, CIRCUM. (circular, Clr : circumvent, Cv- : circumspect, Cspk : circumstance, C, : circumstantial, Csx : circus, Cx)
- 93 Write S to express final ASTIC, ESTIC, ISTIC, OSTIC, USTIC. (plastic, plS : artistic, a/S : acrostic, krS : caustic, kS : rustic, rS)
- 94 In words of more than one syllable write
- | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----|----|----|------|-------|----|-------------|------|---|-------------|------|---|--------------|------|
| b | for | BR | in | such | words | as | breakfast, | bkf, | : | breathless, | btl' | : | brevity, | bv; |
| k | " | KR | " | " | " | " | credit, | kdt | : | crescent, | ks- | : | crevasse, | kv' |
| f | " | FR | " | " | " | " | fraudulent, | fdl- | : | freedom, | fdm | : | frequent, | fq- |
| g | " | GR | " | " | " | " | gravel, | gvl | : | gravitate, | gvta | : | grievance, | gvc/ |
| h | " | HR | " | " | " | " | horoscope, | hskp | : | hornet, | hnt | : | horizon, | hzn |
| t | " | TR | " | " | " | " | tranquil, | tql | : | tragedy, | tjd, | : | traditional, | tdjl |

Sentences

I had been a member of the New York Stock Exchange for many years, and I used to make classifications of the trade reports of the United States.

In the present serious condition of our domestic and international relations, I could not allow any article or circumstance of interest to escape my attention.

I used to hurry through my breakfast, jump into my car, and rush from the village across the bridge to my office in the city.

Here I would seize my mail and newspapers to see if I could discover any bit of information that would guide me in my very natural desire to help France.

(108 words)

ihba Mb vt NY stk xcj fmy aius tmk klsf// vt tra rp// vtUS.ntps- syx kdj vr dmS a
 Nnjl rljs ikdn alw n, a/K orC, vN, tskap mi atj.ius thy tumi bkf, jmp nt mika arZ
 fmt vlj kr't brj tomi ofs nts;.heid sz miml anzPs tse ifikd dsKv n,bt vnfj tad gid
 me n miv Nal dsr thp Fr.

LESSON FORTY-SEVEN

antagonistic.a-gnS	consider...Ks	famous....fmx	guard.....g/	recline...rcn
attitude.....attu	crown.....kwn	fever.....Fv	health....hlt	retrieve...Rv
blind.....bli-	date.....da	forest....f,	lion.....lio	shade.....Za
circle.....Cl	eagle....egl	German....Gr	outside..ousi	success...suc
confident....kfd-	English...Eg	grass....gr'	proper....Pp	troops...trps

Principles

- 95 Write a- to express initial ANTA, ANTE, ANTI. (antagonize, a-gnz : antedate, a-da : anticipate, a-spa : antiquity, a-q;)
- 96 Write R to express initial RETRE, RETRI, RETRO. (retreat, Rt : retribution, Rbj : retrograde, Rga : retrocede, Rsd : retrospection, Rspkj)

Sentences

The great American eagle was now joined with the lion of England in helping France guard the troops at the front.

At this date the famous German Army under the Crown Prince was in the lower forest, and the French and Americans were considering how they could circle around outside of the forest.

They were confident they could, at the proper moment, successfully destroy his entire force, and thus retrieve their lost position.

Some of our men were almost blind with fever, others continually cried with pain, and many of them were so weak from ill health that they could hardly stand; yet when we told them to recline on the grass in the shade, they showed an antagonistic attitude. (120 words)

Ugr Amegl znuw jy wtlis v Eq nhp Dr q/Utrps attfr-.
 atthda fmp Er am. Ut kwn pc/znt Le f. at Dr
 a AmS wks hw lykd Cl-rw ousi vth.. Lyw kfd-
 lykd att Pp mo-suc dSy snti fs atus Rv Ur, psj.
 sovr mn wlmO bli-w Dr Os Kul keriwpr am vtm
 wsowk fm ilhlt laty kd h/l st-yt wnw lotm Uren
 otgr: nt za lyfo a a-gnd attu.

LESSON FORTY-EIGHT

amount.....amt	double.....db	journey...jn,	paint.....pa-	shop.....Zp
crowd.....krw	heartlessness.h/"	motive....mov	practice..pak	shout.....Zw
demand.....dm-	inch.....nc	noise.....nys	record...rk/	shut.....Zt
distrust...dS,	insert.....ns/	object.....ob	roof.....rf	space.....sps
don't.....do-	iron.....io	ocean.....oj	severity.svr;	weight.....wa

Principles

- 97 Write v to express medial and final IVE, TIVE, ATIVE, ITIVE, UTIVE. (responsive, rspcv : actively, akvl : figurative, fgv : fugitive, fjv : diminutive, dmnv : distributive, dSbv : executive, xkv)
- 98 To make a correction or addition: Use three shilling marks (///) before and after the exact revision.
- 99 Write '' to express final LESSNESS. (hopelessness, hop'' : carelessness, ka'' : fearlessness, fe'' : helplessness, hp'' : heedlessness, hd'')

Sentences

It was only natural for the crowd to distrust the enemy, and to demand that we practice the same iron rules on him that he practiced; but neither the shouts from the roof nor the noise from the shops made any difference in the object our men had in view when they crossed the ocean.

No pen can ever properly paint the heartlessness and needless severity that history will have to record of the amount of suffering among the men throughout every inch of that journey.

Nor did our soldiers seek to have us lift the weight that had been placed upon their shoulders.

But we don't wish to shut our eyes to the fact that, while we lost many men, the loss of the French and English was more than double that of ours in the same space of time. (141 words)

tznl Nal ftkrw tdS, tnm, atdm- ta wpak tsa io rus om ta epak bNe tZws fmt rf nrt
 nys fmt Zps ma n, df ntob rmn hnvu wnty kr, toj.nopn kev Ppl pa- th/' ' anel' svr;
 ta hS, lv trk/ vtamt vsf mgt mn tuw evnc vta jn,.nr ddr sojssek tvus lft wa tahb
 pl pn tr Zdrs.bw do- wZ tZt ris tot fk ta wl wl, mmn tl' vt Fr a Eg zmon db tavrs
 nt sa sps vti.

THE LION, THE ASS, AND THE FOX

tlio ta' at fx w- h- tog atz Ag tawav ztk Zdb Za bt tm.tykt astg///gbk to tykt a
 ns/ alj ft stg///wc tlio Or ta' tdvi.ta' tk adl vpns tdvi tstg nt 3 pcs wc Zdb
 sneleqs psb.tlio nrj wm fwae Ks aw- vPp rsp tom flu pnm atom to pcs.etn kl ot fx
 tdvi.tfx nbg of asm pj fms/ lft r, ft lios Za.tlio hil pl wth mak vrsp sk tfx wre
 hl- sc pli' agbre.ttl ttu sr rpi tfx iztatt bt a' talis tr dd. (146 words)

LESSON FORTY-NINE

accept.....xep
 accommodate.....akda
 action.....akj
 advance.....vc/
 advantage.....avj
 aggrandizement....Agdz-
 apart.....ap/
 beneficial.....bfx

benefit.....bnf
 continent.....K-
 distress.....dS'
 establish.....est
 Europe.....Eu
 freedom.....fdm
 isolate.....isla
 justice.....jss

language.....lg
 liberty.....Lb
 message.....msj
 millions.....Ms
 personal.....psnl
 response,-ibility..rspc/
 ulterior.....Ulr
 written.....rtn

Principles

- 100 Write la for final LATE, ALATE, ELATE, ELLATE, ILATE, OLATE, ULATE. (slate, sla : exhalate, xla : relate, rla : interpolate, Npla : dilate, dla)
- 101 Omit the letter "d" before J, M, and V. (adjudge, ajj : admission, amj : adversary, avsy : adventure, av-u : advertise, avz)

Sentences

According to the reports that have come from Europe, all agree that America with her two million men did much to advance the cause of liberty and to establish peace on the continent.

But we should not take advantage of the fact that we were able to help our friends in their distress.

The cause of justice should be equally dear to the hearts of all men. What blesses one blesses all; therefore our action in this matter was a benefit to ourselves, as well as to our friends across the sea.

Whatever we do, whether it be little or much, it must be done with no thought of personal aggrandizement and with no ulterior motive.

We cannot isolate ourselves from other nations today, and therefore we must accept our full share of responsibility in trying to advance the message of freedom, until every lip can speak it in whatever language or tongue it is written.

ak/lot rp //lavk fm Eu lAgla Am wh 2M mn ddmc
 lvc/ks vLb atest pc ot K-bw fdn lke avj vtfk lawwab
 lhp rfrs ntr ds. lks vjss fdb egde loth // vlmn. wa bl"
 on bl" l lrf rakj nth Ma zabnf lors / sls lorfrs kr' lse.
 wav wdo W lb ll ormc lm, bdn wnott vjpsnl Agdz-
 awno Ulr mov. wken isla rs / fm Orjis lod atrf wmi,
 xep rfu za vrspe / ntri lvc / lmsj vfdm ut evlp
 kspet nuav lg or lng lsrtn.

LESSON FIFTY

(Note: The words included in Lessons Forty-six, Forty-seven, Forty-eight, and Forty-nine comprise the tenth hundred words of highest frequency in the English language.

The following words are derived from, or suggested by, the words found in the last four lessons, and they are offered as a supplementary drill and review.)

bitter.....Bt	jumper.....Jmp	painter.....Pa-	shopper.....Zpr
discoverer..dsKvr	noisier.....Nys	recorder.....Rk/	shutter.....Ztr
graver.....Gv	objector.....Ob	reporter.....Rp/	trader.....Tra
healthier....Hlt	outsider.....Ousi	seeker.....Sek	weaker.....Wk
famously....fmxl	gravely.....gvl	noisily.....nysl	properly.....ppl
actionable...akjb	agreeable....Agb	exchangeable...xcjb	justiceable....jssb
circuit.....Ct	circulation...Clj	circumnavigate...Cnv	circumstantial...Csx
circulate....Cla	circumference...Cf	circumstance.....C,	circus.....Cx
recognition...rkj	recollection..rkkj	recommendation..rk-j	reconciliation.rkslj

SUMMARY OF PRINCIPLES—BOOK FIVE

a- for initial

anta	antagonize	a-gnz
ante	antedate	a-da
anti	anticipate	a-spa
	antiquity	a-q;
	antipathy	a-pt,

'' (two apostrophes) for final "lessness."

lessness	carelessness	ka''
	helplessness	hp''
	hopelessness	hop''
	fearlessness	fe''

C for initial

circ	circle	Cl
	circus	Cx
	circuit	Ct
circu	circular	Clr
circum	circumvent	Cv-
	circumstance	C,
	circumstantial	Csx
	circumspect	Cspk

d omitted before

j	adjudge	ajj
	adjunct	ajq
m	admit	amt
	admission	amj
	admire	ami
v	advent	av-
	adventure	av-u
	adversary	avsy

f/ for final fication

fication	classification	klsf/
	identification	id-f/
	specification	spsf/
	verification	vf/

SUMMARY OF PRINCIPLES—BOOK FIVE

K for final

acle	tabernacle	tbnK
eclē	speckle	spK
ical	radical	rdK
	physical	fsK
icle	cycle	sK
	bicycle	bsK
uckle	buckle	bK

la for final

late	slate	sla
alate	exhale	xla
elate	relate	rla
ellate	appellate	apla
ilate	dilate	dla
olate	desolate	dsla
	interpolate	Npla
ulate	formulate	fmla

m for initial and medial

em	emphasize	mfsz
	emphatic	mft
	unemployed	umpy
um	umpire	mpi

Omit "r" in words of more than one syllable after the letters

b	breakfast	bkf,
	breathless	btl'
	brevity	bv;
d	dreadful	ddf
	drinker	Dq
	dreary	dy
f	fraudulent	fdl-
	freedom	fdm
	frequent	fq-

SUMMARY OF PRINCIPLES—BOOK FIVE

g	gravel	gvl
	grievance	gvc/
h	horoscope	hskp
	hornet	hnt
	horizon	hzn
k	credit	kdt
	crescent	ks-
	crevasse	kv'
t	tranquil	tql
	tragedy	tjd,
v	vermin	vmn
	converse	kvs
	perverse	pvs

P for initial and medial

para	paradise	Pdi
	paramount	Pmw
	comparative	kPv
	apparel	aPl
peri	period	Pd
pira	pirate	Pt

R for initial

retre	retreat	Rt
retri	retribution	Rbj
retro	retrograde	Rga
	retrocede	Rsd
	retrospection	Rspkj

S for final

astic	plastic	plS
	drastic	drS
austic	caustic	kS
estic	domestic	dmS
istic	artistic	a/S
	mystic	mS
ostic	acrostic	krS
ustic	rustic	rS

v for medial and final

ive	responsive	rspcv
	actively	akvl
tive	furtive	frv
ative	figurative	fgv
itive	fugitive	fjv
utive	diminutive	dmnv
	executive	xkv

X for initial

exter	exterior	Xr
	exterminate	Xm;
	external	Xnl
extir	extirpate	Xpa
extor	extortionate	Xj;
extra	extradite	Xdi
	extraction	Xkj
extre	extreme	Xm
	extremity	Xm;
extri	extricate	Xka
	extrude	Xd

TO THE STUDENT

GROWTH

Individual growth comes only through the exercise and development of the creative ability within each. An endless copying of the words and thoughts of others does not tend to the highest development. We create by means of thought. We think only in words. When we take words and use them to express a thought of our own, we make or create something which is in and of ourselves. This is following the natural law of growth, *which is all from within*

out, and not from without in.

While all potentiality is within each, the individual uses only that which he is conscious of possessing; he cannot use that which another possesses; therefore an awakened consciousness is essential. This awakening comes, not by having all the thoughts ready-made, but through the individual's own active, constructive, purposive thinking. Just as we learn to do by doing, so we learn to think by thinking.

PERFECT WORK

Perfection is the goal to be reached. It should be the ultimate and not the primitive requirement. All that anyone can express today is the best that is within him; but the law of growth, the law of individual unfold-

ment, demands that the best of today be made a little better tomorrow. Herein lies the road to success. May you enjoy to the fullest traveling this road, and reap all the benefits to be derived therefrom.

LESSON FIFTY-ONE

Sentences

This work in Speedwriting is submitted as the practical formula for the solution of all the problems of the overworked stenographer.

The development of a science is only the discovery of what is already in existence.

The introduction and presentation of the principles of this system to your consciousness should be appreciated and accepted.

You should remain in a receptive attitude while studying this subject. Your understanding will thereby be quickened.

If you are especially discerning, you may learn to be a Speedwriter of prominent standing in an incredibly short time.

The first few lessons are made up of the words of high frequency in the vocabulary of the ordinary individual. (111 words)

*Uhwk n S / ssmnt ast pak fmla ft sly vlt pbms vt
 Uwk str Gr. l dvp - va si / snlt dskv, vwas lr nx;
 Udk aps - j vt pins vth ssm low kx' fdb p f, a*

rep. ufd rmn na rsv attu wl std. lhsj. uUs-ltrb
 bgr . ifur spx dsn uma lru lba S/ rprmn-st-na
 nkdb zti. lf. fu lsns rmap vtu//vhifgc/nt vrb vt ody ndvd.

TO THE STUDENT

The words given in this book are those of unusual occurrence. They are used simply to illustrate the more difficult matter which every shorthand writer occasionally encounters. A knowledge of shorthand is incomplete until the writing and reading of these words becomes familiar.

There are two ways of approaching this phase of the work. One, the hard, long way; the other, the easy and interesting way. If the student attempts to learn these words merely as words, and tries to remember how

to write them just as single words; then he has chosen the hard, long way. But if he will take these words and resolve them into their component parts; in other words, pick them to pieces, and see how they are made up; then he will find that he knows already how to write the different parts, and this way lets in the light. Then the word is no longer a stranger to him. He sees it only as a combination of old friends that he has been using for a long time. This is the easy and interesting way. Try it.

LESSON FIFTY-TWO

Principle

102 Write A to express initial ATTRA, ATTRI, ATRO. (attractive, Akv : attribute, Abu : atrocious, Ax)

Sentences

The most important part of this work is gaining the use of a sufficiently extensive vocabulary to meet the demands of any situation.

One should strive to add daily to his vocabulary at least twenty-five new words.

By ascertaining the meaning and significance of such words, one becomes wonderfully resourceful and successful in his work.

One can tabulate and manipulate the principles of this system after a very few weeks of study, meditation, and practical application.

This work is constructed for the occupancy of the student of average mentality for about three months.

One can meditate on the component parts of these principles, and apply them inaudibly, even while walking on the street.

One should accomplish something of importance for every hour spent; in other words, "Fill each unforgiving minute with sixty seconds' worth of distance run."

To be for one's best interest a thing must contribute toward satisfaction, and to be so contributive, it must tend toward conserving the individual.

The things that conserve the individual are cheerfulness, intelligence, and all concordant and successful attributes.

You must be your own schoolmaster; you must recognize that you are always in need of wisdom, and you must be ready to practice any severities against yourself in order to gain this end.

Indolence is the curse of man. Mental indolence is incredulity, on which some pride themselves; they call it skepticism, and talk of the reign of reason.

(237 words)

tmo, ip p/ vthwk sgn tus vasfj/1 xtcv vkb tmet dm-- vn, sit.onZd Sv tad dl tos
vkb atle, 25nuw//.bastn tme aSgf vscw// onbks W-f rssf asuc nswk.onk tbla amnp;
tpins vth ssm af avfuwks vstd, mdtj apak apkj.thwks kSk ft okpc/ vtstd- vav m-1;
fab 3mo.onk mdta ot kpn- p// vtz pins aapi tm nadb vnwl wak otst.onZd akpZ sg vip
fevr sp- n0w// flec ufgi mn w 60 sec wrt v dsc/ rn.tb fons b, N, atg m, Kb t/ sat
atb so Kb tm, t- t/ ksv tndvd.ttgs taksv tndvd r cef' Nj al kk/- asuc Abus.um,b u
on sklmS um, rkz taur lw nnev wsdm aum, b rd, tpak n, svr;; agus/ n0r tgn the-.
ndlc/ stkrS vm-.m-1 ndlc/ snkdl; owc so pi tms/ tyklt skpI atak vtrn vrsn.

LESSON FIFTY-THREE

Principle

103 Write i; to express final ITIS. (bronchitis, bqi; : laryngitis, lji; : tonsillitis, tci;)

Sentences

Increased subtlety of sensation means increased vividness. For instance, a man of sensibility and imagination feels more in consequence of the unfaithfulness or faithfulness of a friend, than can a man of even the grossest physical nature feel through the medium of the senses.

The universe is full of magnificent promise for us if we will but lift our eyes and see.

It is that lifting of the eyes of the mentality that is the first need and the first difficulty.

It is the essential characteristic of the man of genius that he is comparatively indifferent to that fruit which is within his reach, and hungers for that which is afar on the hills.

We are content, for the most part, to go on in an aimless way, without any idea of a goal, or understanding of which way we are going.

When a man first becomes aware of this aimlessness, and is dimly conscious that he is working with great and constant efforts, then descends on him the misery of disillusionment.

In what direction does your goal lie? Up the Hill of Difficulty, or down where the path is easy and smooth?

The man who chooses the way of effort, and refuses to allow the sleep of indolence to dull his soul, finds in his work a new and finer pleasure each day.

(224 words)

nke, stl; vscj mes nke, vv'.fnsc/ am- vscb; aijnj fls mo n ksqc/ vt ufatf' or fatf'
 vafr n ka m- vvnt grs, fsK Na fl tut mdm vt sc//.tuvs sfuv Mgf pms fus ifwl blf ris
 ase.tsta lf vtis vtm-1; tast f,ne atf, dfk.tst snx KkS vtm- vjnx taes kPvl ndf to
 ta fru wcs wn src a Hgs fta wcs afa ot hls.wrkt- ftmo, p/ tgo na aml' wa wwn, id va
 gl or Us- vvc wa wrg.wnam- f,bks awa vth am'' as dml kx taes wk wgr aks- ef// tn
 ds-- om tmsy v dslj-.nwa drkj dsugl li?pthl vdfk ordw wrt pth sez asmu?tm- ho czs
 twav ef/ arfzs talw tslp v ndlc/ tdl ssol fis nswk anu aFi pz/ ecd.

LESSON FIFTY-FOUR

And now let us consider how the initial difficulty of fastening the interest on that which is desired, is to be overcome. Needing this positively, we shall surely find the way.

If you turn your mind upon any given subject with sufficient concentration, you will receive illumination with regard to it sooner or later.

There is no way of acquiring this knowledge, or of using it when it is acquired, except by the exercise of the will. Will is the power of volition, and is resident in the mentality.

Do not resist nor resent the circumstances of life any more than the plants resent the rain and the wind.

Nature is always consistent, even though she feigns to contravene her own laws.

Greatness in man is popularly supposed to be a thing inborn, but as a matter of fact, greatness can only be attained by growth.

The man who is strong utters no idle words, he does no unconsidered act, he neglects no duty of office however homely or however difficult.

To establish sufficient determination to accomplish a thing, one must have a fixed purpose, or resolution.

Determination prompts one to attend to the things that must be done, to accomplish the thing which one has determined.

The heart is the directive and distributive center of the individual, and it is also the pulsative center of the universe.

"Where thy treasure is, there will thy heart be also."

(238 words)

anw ltus K's hwt nux dfk vfont N, ota wcs dsr stb Uk.
 neth psvl wq sul fitwa. ifutn umi-pnn, gisj wsfj/
 kes-rj ulrse ilmj wrq/ lot In La. lrsnowa vagi thnlj
 oiv ust wnts agi xep bt xsz vtwl. wl stpw vvlj asrsd-
 ntms-l). downs, nr rs-lC,, vlf n. mont pl--rs- lrv
 atwi-. Na slw kss-vntho Zfns Ukvn honlas. gr'nm-
 spop spz lb atq nbn basa Mavfk gr' kenlb at-bgro.

lmv-hoss Uts noidl w//edsno uks ak engles nodt,
 vofs huw hml orhuw dfk. lest sfj; Dmij lakepZ atq
 onm, v afz pps or rslj; Dmij pms on lak- lot
 lqs lam, bdn lakepZ Utq wconas Dm. lh/ stdrkv
 a dsbv S- vtndvd ats lso lplsv S- vtuvv. wrli l3/
 s lrl li h/ blso.

A PRAYER

td rtms abrs us tpt, rw v irtag ksns a dt, .hpus tpla tm- hpus tpfm tm wLf aki fss
 lt cef' abw w ndS..gius tg blitl or bs lth d brus tor rsg bds wy akt- a udsOn agr-
 us nte- tgf vslp.amn.

—Robert Louis Stevenson.

(67 words)

LESSON FIFTY-FIVE

Principles

- 104 Write H to express initial HYDRA, HYDRO. (hydraulic, Hlk : hydrophobia, Hfb)
- 105 Write Ml to express initial MULTI. (multigraph, MlG : multitude, Mltu)
- 106 Write Me to express initial and final METER, METRI. (kilometer, klMe :
metric, Mek)
- 107 Write ol to express OLOGY. (theology, teol : biology, bol : geology, jol)

Sentences

Light is natural electricity. The electrical switchboard connects all the wires of an intricate system at a single source. We can use this power by means of various instruments.

Hydrostatics is the science of fluids at rest; while hydraulics is the science of fluids in motion.

The essential excellence of the metric system is the multiplication and subdivision of the fundamental unit of length--the meter--according to universal decimal notation.

The liter is the fundamental unit of capacity.

We should make a supreme effort to master this system, and to alter our own system to conform to it.

All activity and all development are expressions of perceptions. Perceptions include all things one does, hears, feels, tastes, or smells.

One arrives at the soundness and truth of a proposition through a compilation, combination, computation, classification, and condensation of facts. One also learns much by analogy. (146 words)

lis Nal Els;.tElK swcb/ knks lt wis va Nka ssm ata sgl ss.wkus thpw bmes vvx nS--.
 Hst st si/ vfluds atr, wl Hlks st si/ vfluds nmj.tsnx xl vt Mek ssm st Mlpkj
 asdvj vt f--l ut vlng tMe ak/ to uvs dec ntj.tLe st f--l ut vkps;.w Zdmk aspm ef/
 tmS thssm atAl ron ssm tkfm tot.lakv; al dvp- rxpjs v pspjs.pspjs ncd ltgs onds
 hes fls ta,, or smls.on rvs att sw' atu va ppsj tua kplj kbnj kpuij klsf/ a kdcj
 vfks.onlso lns mc b alj,.

LESSON FIFTY-SIX

Principle

108 Write N to express final ANTIC, ENTIC. (frantic, fN : authentic, atN)

Sentences

With great tenacity of purpose and generosity of soul we are right now striving to bring the backward peoples of the earth into closer domestic relations with us.

We do not wish to antagonize them in any way; instead we wish to remove all suspicion from their minds.

In doing this work, we are constrained by an uncontrollable desire to extricate these countless multitudes from their superimposed sense of materiality.

If it should transpire that we were able to reclaim these people, and reinstate them in the family of nations, I declare to you that it would constitute the most patriotic service this country has ever contributed to the progress of the world.

In this work we must not alternate between hope and despair, but must work with uninterrupted zeal to retrieve all previous mistakes.

It would be a calamity to allow any inanity or pusillanimity on our part to deter us.

The principle of the brotherhood of man is what binds together nations, as well as individuals, and institutions.

This is the ultimate aim of our work, and it is the most gigantic proposition ever presented to the public. (190 words)

wgr tns; vpps aJns; vsol wr rinw Sv tbr tbk/pps vteth nt Kls dmS rljs wus.wdon wZ ta-gnz tm nn,wa nsd wwZ trmv l sspj fm tr mi--.ndo thwk wr kS- ba uKlb dsr tXka tz ktl' Mltus fmtr spipz sc/ vMal;.iftZd Tpi taww ab trcm tzpp a rnsta tmnt fml vnjs idc tou tatd kstu tmo, PaT svS thK aseV Kb tot pg' vtwo.nthwk wm,n Alna bt hop a dspa bm,wk w uNp zl tRv l pvx msks.tdb aklm; talw n, nn; or pslm; orp/ tD us.tpin vt Brohd vm- swa bi-- tog njs sls ndvds anstjs.thst ulma am vrwk atst mo,jgN ppsj ev ps-d tot pb.

LESSON FIFTY-SEVEN

Letters

Mr. William Meyer
325 Fifth Avenue
New York

My dear Mr. Meyer

GROW or GO

That's the very spirit of the times. In fact, it's the decree of Nature, herself.

What isn't growing is going--going back to whence it came.

What are you doing--growing or going?

I won't ask you if you are accumulating about you more resources--but--

Are you using to the best advantage the resources you have?

The wise financier doesn't run around to see how he can keep from spending a dollar.

He looks for ways to spend it--spend it so that it brings him in the largest dividends possible.

The wise business man doesn't look to see how he can keep from doing work. He tries to see how he can do more work and better work in the same space of time.

The closed hand can't receive. The closed mind can't learn. It is the open hand that receives, and the open mind that learns--that grows.

You have resources now at your command--in the plain ABC's of the English language--that will save you 70 per cent of the time and effort you would ordinarily devote to longhand note-taking. Are you using them?

Sincerely yours

(209 words)

EBD H

*M w m Mi 325 5 av NY md M Mu. gro or q. la's lvspe
 uttis. nfk list dke v Na hsl. wa s- gro s q q bke lowe /
 lke. warudo gro or q?? iwo- skw ifur akla abw mo*

rsss b ruis lotb, avjl rsss uv ?? lwz Inc/ds-rnrw
 use hwck kpfm sp-ad. elos fuas lsp-l sp-l sota
 lbrsm n lly; dud--psb. lwz bsm-ds-to use hwck kpf
 fondouk. etris use hwck domo wk at Buok ntsa
 sps vti. lkelz k-k-rse. lkelz mi-k-ln. lst oph-larses
 atopmi-lalns lagros.. uv rsss nw atuk-ntplw'abc's
 vt Eq lq lal saru 70 pc vtti aef/ud odyd dvo lolgh-
 nt lkg. ru ustm ?? su

Punctuation

(27) Commas are unnecessary at the end of the lines composing an inside address or envelope superscription, although the more conservative practice is to include them there. The tendency in business, however, is to omit punctuation where separations are indicated by other means.

LESSON FIFTY-EIGHT

AUSTEN, MICHAELS & CO.
161 Hudson St.
New York

February 1, 1925

Mr. William B. Cutler
17 Market Street
New Haven, Conn.

My dear Mr. Cutler

I call your personal attention to the enclosed statement showing a balance of \$625 due us since November 1st.

The fact that you have so often availed yourself of our discount of 2 per cent for cash in 10 days, or 30 days net, would make it seem unnecessary for us to remind you of our terms now. But the further fact that, during the twenty years you have been a customer of ours, with annual purchases approximating \$1500, you have never once allowed your bill to run like this, makes it very hard to reconcile.

I assure you that I have not for one moment lost confidence in your integrity; neither can I believe that it is simply a case of oversight on your part. I further note that you have made no purchases during these last three months. All this leads me to infer that you may be in difficulties of some sort. If you are, won't you take us into your confidence to the extent that we may make everything just as easy for you as possible?

I feel that this much confidence is due us, and I assure you it will be respected and appreciated.

Very truly yours

EBD H

(220 words)

M wm b Ktl 17 mkt st nuhvn ct.mdM Ktl..iklu psnl atj totnc sta- Zo abal v 625d duus
 sc/ nv l..tfk tauv soof avlus/ vrds v2pc fkZ n 10d or 30d nt dmkt sm unec fus trmi-
 u vrtms nw.bt Ffkta dut 20y uvb aKsm vrs waul pcss apx 15Hd uvnv c/alw ubl trn lkth
 mkst vh/ trksl..isuu taivn fonmo- 1, kfdc/ nu ntg; Ne kible tats smp akas v Vsi ou
 p/.iFnt tauvma nopcss dutz 1,3mo.1th les me tnf tau mab ndfks vsos/.ifur wo-u tkus
 ntu kfdc/ tot xt- tawma mk evg j, sezfus psb??ifl tath mc kfdc/ sduus aisuu tlbrsp
 apZ;.vtu

Letter Forms in the United States

The best usage decrees that every citizen is entitled to be addressed as Mr., Mrs., or Miss, and men in a firm to be called Messrs. To omit these titles is a discourtesy which should not be permitted, even though the omission may save a good deal of time.

Dear Sir or Dear Madam are decidedly stiff and formal; they haven't the warmth typical of real life; they are not applicable to personal conversation; and therefore they should be used only in very formal address, or where the name of the individual addressed is unknown.

Dear Mr. Jones, and Dear Miss Smith are all right for friends or business associates of long standing, but such a familiar address could hardly be used to the stranger or the business associate of short acquaintance. My dear Mr. Jones, or My dear Miss Smith is a much safer form of address.

Letter Forms in Great Britain

In Great Britain different forms prevail. If a man is of good social and business standing, he should not be addressed as "Mr. C. E. Chandler," but as "C. E. Chandler, Esq."

"Dear Sir," or "Dear Madam" is the correct salutation to a business letter, unless it is to a firm, in which case use "Gentlemen."

A business letter should close with "Faithfully yours" or "Yours faithfully"—a personal letter can close with "Yours sincerely."

LESSON FIFTY-NINE

AUSTEN; MICHAELS & CO.
161 Hudson St.
New York

February 15, 1925

Mr. William B. Cutler
17 Market Street
New Haven, Conn.

My dear Mr. Cutler

It is with a feeling of genuine anxiety that I again write you regarding your long over-due balance of \$625. I assure you that this anxiety is not primarily over what I look upon as the very remote possibility of losing that amount of money. But the possibility that a valued customer of twenty years' standing, a man whom we have always held in such high esteem, may be in trouble, either financial or personal, and fail to allow us to so much as lend him our moral support, is indeed a reflection on the friendly relations we have always supposed existed between us.

Did you ever read Riley's little poem, "In a Friendly Sort of Way"? "What," you say, "mixing business and sentiment!" Yes, you have the idea exactly. I have always found that it pays in the saving of human energy, in the wear and tear of this business life, to mix in a little sentiment just for a lubricant, you know.

Now, Mr. Cutler, whatever your problem is, just remember that you can always "Feel our hand upon your shoulder, in a friendly sort of way." That is just what a long-tried acquaintance and friendship such as ours means to us, and we hope it doesn't mean less to you. So please let me hear from you by return mail, and rest assured that Austen, Michaels & Co. believe in standing by their friends.

Sincerely yours

(261 words)

EBD H

*Mr. Wm. C. Kell 17 Market St. Newbury Ct. and Mr. Kell. Uswaff
 vjnn ap, laisq riu r q / ulq Udu bal v 625d. isuu lath*

ax), sn pmyl Uwa ilopn astv rmo psb), vlz la amtv mns.
 bt psb), laa vlu Ksm v 204 st- am- km wolv hl nsc hiesm
 mab ntrb E fux or psnl afl talvus losome ast- m smel
 sp), sn dd arfkj ofrl rlys wolv spz x, btus.. dduer re
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A MESSAGE TO GARCIA

When war broke out between Spain and the United States, it was very necessary to communicate quickly with the leader of the Insurgents. Garcia was somewhere in the mountain fastnesses of Cuba—no one knew where. No mail or telegraph message could reach him. The President must secure his co-operation, and quickly.

What to do!

Some one said to the President, "There's a fellow by the name of Rowan will find Garcia for you, if anybody can."

Rowan was sent for and given a letter to be delivered to Garcia. How "the fellow by the name of Rowan" took the letter, sealed it up in an oilskin pouch, strapped it over his heart, in four days landed by night off the coast of Cuba from an open boat, disappeared into the jungle, and in three weeks came out on the other side of the island, having traversed a hostile country on foot and delivered his letter to Garcia, are things I have no special desire to tell in detail.

The point I wish to make is this: McKinley gave Rowan a letter to be delivered to Garcia; Rowan took the letter and did not ask, "Where is he at?" By the Eternal! there is a man whose form should be cast in deathless bronze and the statue placed in every college of the land. It is not book-learning young men need, nor instruction about this and that, but a stiffening of the vertebrae which will cause them to be loyal to a trust, to act promptly, concentrate their energies; do the thing—"Carry a message to Garcia!"

General Garcia is dead now, but there are other Garcias.

No man who has endeavored to carry out an enterprise where many hands were needed but has been well-nigh appalled at times, by the imbecility of the average man--the inability or unwillingness to concentrate on a thing and do it. Slipshod assistance, foolish inattention, dowdy indifference, and half-hearted work seem the rule; and no man succeeds unless by hook or crook or threat he forces or bribes other men to assist him; or mayhap, God in His goodness performs a miracle and sends him an Angel of Light for an assistant. . . .

And this incapacity for independent action, this moral stupidity, this infirmity of the will, this unwillingness to cheerfully catch hold and lift, are the things that put pure Socialism so far into the future. If men will not act for themselves, what will they do when the benefit of their effort is for all? . . .

My heart goes out to the man who does his work when the "boss" is away as well as when he is at home. And the man, who, when given a letter for Garcia, quietly takes the missive, without asking any idiotic questions and with no lurking intention of chucking it into the nearest sewer, or of doing aught else but deliver it, never gets "laid off," nor has to go on a strike for higher wages. Civilization is one long anxious search for just such individuals. Anything such a man asks shall be granted; his kind is so rare that no employer can afford to let him go. He is wanted in every city, town, and village--in every office, shop, store, and factory. The world cries out for such; he is needed, and needed badly--the man who can carry a message to Garcia.--ELBERT HUBBARD

SUMMARY OF PRINCIPLES—BOOK SIX

A for initial

attra	attractive	Akv
attri	attribute	Abu
atro	atrocious	Ax

H for initial

hydra	hydrant	H-
	hydraulic	Hlk
hydro	hydrophobia	Hfb
	hydrographic	HGk
	hydroplane	Hpln
	hydrostatic	Hst

i; for final

itis	appendicitis	ap-si;
	bronchitis	bqi;
	laryngitis	lji;
	tonsilitis	tcj;

Me for final

meter	kilometer	klMe
	metric	Mek

Ml for initial

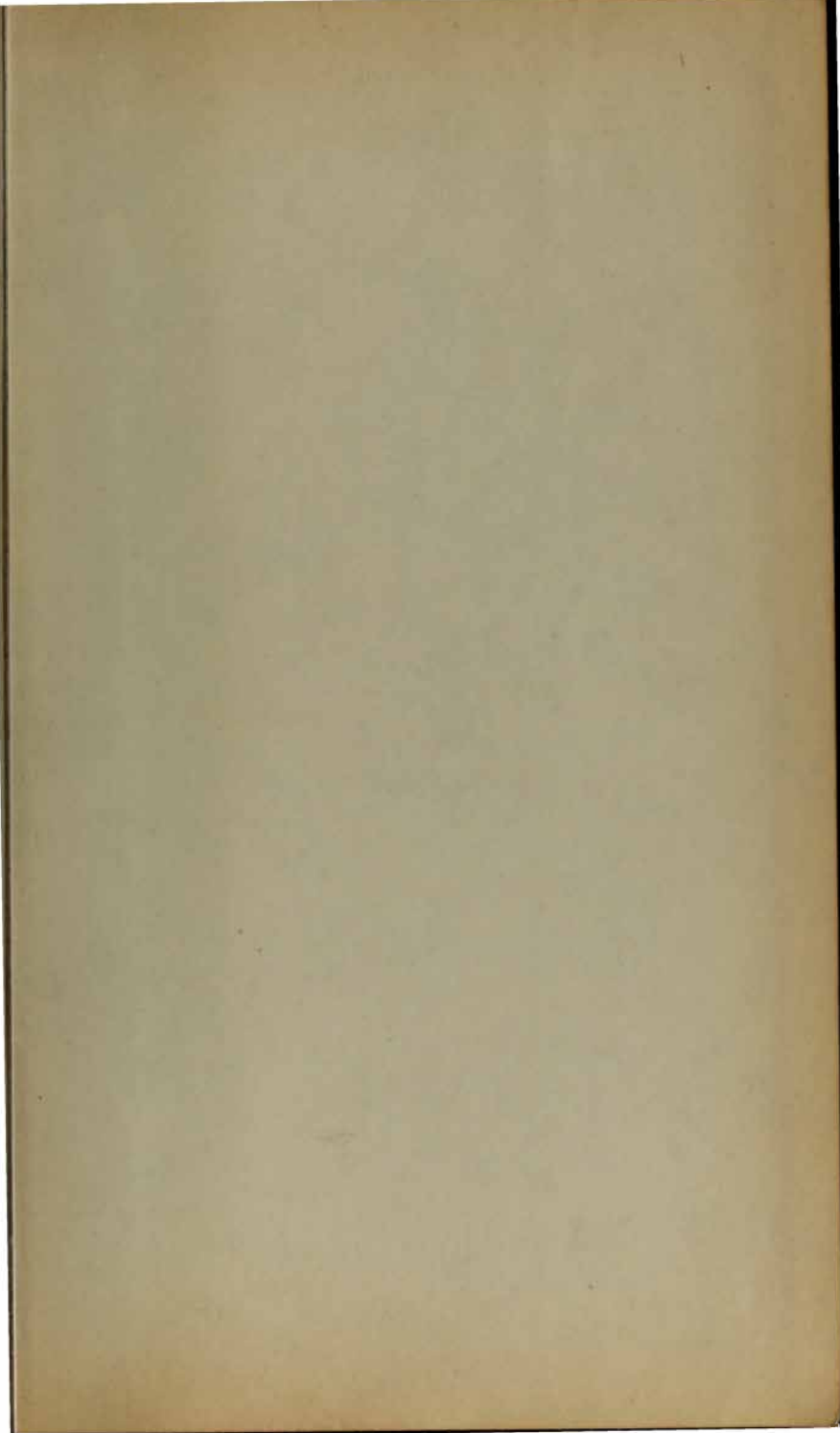
multi	multigraph	MLG
	multitude	Mltu

N for final

antic	frantic	fN
	gigantic	fgN
entic	authentic	atN

ol for final

ology	biology	bol
	geology	jol
	graphology	Gol
	phrenology	fnol
	psychology	skol
	physiology	fsol
	minerology	Mnol
	zoology	zol
	theology	teol



H. A. Taylor

Oakland, Calif

